# **Sunplus Technology Company Limited** and **Subsidiaries**

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and Independent Auditors' Review Report

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Sunplus Technology Company Limited

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sunplus Technology Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as of September 30, December 31, 2014, and September 30, 2014 and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, and the consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Except as stated in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 36 "Review Financial Statements" issued by the Auditing Standards Committee of the Accounting Research and Development Foundation of the Republic of China. A review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and of making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

As disclosed in Note 14, the financial statements of some immaterial subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements were based on the subsidiaries' unreviewed financial statements. The total assets of these subsidiaries as of September 30, 2015 and 2014 were 46% (NT\$7,154,925 thousand) and 45% (NT\$6,742,414 thousand), respectively, of the total consolidated assets, and the total liabilities were 40% (NT\$1,884,925 thousand) and 40% (NT\$1,749,882 thousand), respectively, of the total consolidated liabilities. For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the total comprehensive incomes of NT\$40,076 thousand and NT\$107,419 thousand, respectively, were 18% and 53%, respectively, of the total consolidated comprehensive income. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, total comprehensive losses of NT\$84,932 thousand and NT\$114,093 thousand, respectively, were 25% and 23%, respectively, of the total consolidated comprehensive income. In addition, as disclosed in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements, the carrying values of two associates as of September 30, 2015 and 2014 were NT\$400,576 thousand and NT\$447,602 thousand, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there were net investment gains of NT\$17,352 thousand and NT\$8,898 thousand, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, there were a net investment gain of NT\$11,027 thousand and a loss of NT\$31,422 thousand, respectively. These investment amounts and other associates' information disclosed in Note 39 to the financial statements were based on these associates' unreviewed financial statements for the same reporting periods as those of the Company.

Based on our reviews, except for the adjustments that might have been determined to be necessary had the subsidiaries' and associates' financial statements mentioned in the preceding paragraph been reviewed, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements of Sunplus Technology Company Limited and its subsidiaries referred to the first paragraph for them to be in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standard 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

November 11, 2015

#### Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS		September 30, 2015 (Reviewed)			December 31, 2014 (Audited)		September 30, 2014 (Reviewed)					
		Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
CURRENT ASSETS										CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$	3,960,051	26	\$	3,576,732	24	\$	3,541,829	24	Short-term bank borrowings (Note 20)		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -										Accounts payable (Notes 21 and 36)		
current (Note 7)		25,595	-		14,830	-		17,853	-	Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 28)		
Available-for-sale financial assets - current (Note 8)		859,509	6		984,307	7		1,114,127	7	Provisions - current (Note 22)		
Debt investments with no active market - current (Note 9)		15,389	-		14,903	-		14,903	-	Current portion of long-term bank loans (Note 20)		
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 11 and 36)		1,905,769	12		1,729,796	12		1,989,764	13	Deferred revenue - current (Notes 23 and 31)		
Other receivables (Note 36)		57,613	-		144,819	1		114,744	1	Other current liabilities (Notes 23 and 36)		
Inventories (Note 12)		1,317,590	9		1,347,742	9		1,278,700	9			
Other current assets (Note 19)	_	373,104	2	_	224,598	1		291,673	2	Total current liabilities		
Total current assets	_	8,514,620	_55		8,037,727	_54		8,363,593	_56	NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
										Long-term bank loans (Note 20)		
NONCURRENT ASSETS										Accrued pension liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)		
Available-for-sale financial assets noncurrent, net of										Guarantee deposits (Note 33)		
current portion (Notes 8 and 15)		1,586,319	10		731,787	5		694,553	4	Deferred revenue - noncurrent, net of current portion		
Financial assets carried at cost (Note 10)		626,503	4		241,005	2		249,812	2	(Notes 23, 31 and 36)		
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Note										Other noncurrent liabilities (Note 23)		
15)		400,576	3		1,409,239	9		1,459,508	10			
Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)		3,572,802	23		3,490,672	24		2,235,239	15	Total noncurrent liabilities		
Investment properties (Note 17)		270,909	2		282,663	2		279,123	2			
Intangible assets (Note 18)		212,411	2		278,188	2		297,258	2	Total liabilities		
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 28)		46,766	-		42,126	-		48,376	-			
Other noncurrent assets (Notes 19 and 33)	_	158,831	1	_	306,037	2	_	1,415,193	9	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE CO Share capital (Note 25)		
Total noncurrent assets		6,875,117	45		6,781,717	46		6,679,062	44	Common shares		
	-									Capital surplus (Notes 25 and 30)		
										D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

ies (Note 12)	1,317,590	9	1,347,742	9	1,2/8,/00	9							
rrent assets (Note 19)	373,104	2	224,598	1	291,673	2	Total current liabilities	3,219,755	21	2,826,174	19	3,003,649	_20
al current assets	8,514,620	55	8,037,727	54	8,363,593	_56	NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
							Long-term bank loans (Note 20)	1,063,054	7	657,082	4	908,078	6
RENT ASSETS							Accrued pension liabilities (Notes 4 and 24)	93,676	1	108,105	1	117,701	1
e-for-sale financial assets noncurrent, net of							Guarantee deposits (Note 33)	206,760	1	221,747	1	212,783	1
at portion (Notes 8 and 15)	1,586,319	10	731,787	5	694,553	4	Deferred revenue - noncurrent, net of current portion						
l assets carried at cost (Note 10)	626,503	4	241,005	2	249,812	2	(Notes 23, 31 and 36)	80,683	-	81,311	1	79,494	1
ents accounted for using the equity method (Note							Other noncurrent liabilities (Note 23)	1,909		2,319		1,299	
	400,576	3	1,409,239	9	1,459,508	10							
, plant and equipment (Note 16)	3,572,802	23	3,490,672	24	2,235,239	15	Total noncurrent liabilities	1,446,082	9	1,070,564	7	1,319,355	9
ent properties (Note 17)	270,909	2	282,663	2	279,123	2							
le assets (Note 18)	212,411	2	278,188	2	297,258	2	Total liabilities	4,665,837	30	3,896,738	26	4,323,004	29
tax assets (Notes 4 and 28)	46,766	-	42,126	-	48,376	-							
oncurrent assets (Notes 19 and 33)	158,831	1	306,037	2	1,415,193	9	EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY						
	·				·		Share capital (Note 25)						
al noncurrent assets	6,875,117	45	6,781,717	46	6,679,062	44	Common shares	5,919,949	38	5,919,949	40	5,919,949	39
	·				·		Capital surplus (Notes 25 and 30)	896,627	6	936,051	6	919,909	6
							Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) (Note 25)						
							Legal reserve	1,831,596	12	1,790,538	12	1,790,538	12
							Special reserve	17,833	-	22,639	-	22,639	-
							Unapproprated earnings (accumulated deficit)	371,930	2	408,610	3	369,907	3
							Other equity (Note 25)	117,903	1	309,932	2	225,765	1
							Treasury shares (Notes 25 and 37)	(63,401)	-	(63,401)	-	(63,401)	
							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
							Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	9,092,437	59	9,324,318	63	9,185,306	61
							NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS (Notes 14 and 25)	1,631,463	11	1,598,388	11	1,534,345	10
							NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS (Notes 14 and 25)	1,031,403		1,390,300		1,334,343	
							Total equity	10,723,900	_70	10,922,706	74	10,719,651	71
	\$ 15,389,737	100	\$ 14,819,444	100	\$ 15,042,65 <u>5</u>	100	TOTAL	<u>\$ 15,389,737</u>	100	\$ 14,819,444	100	\$ 15,042,655	100

September 30, 2015

(Reviewed)

844,475

765,285

40,377

16,190

899,595

651,027

2,806

Amount

December 31, 2014

(Audited)

304,085 728,569

26,005

21,849

905,296

836,995

3,375

Amount

**September 30, 2014** (Reviewed)

Amount

497,324 1,000,636

13,813

26,261

3,319

715,657

746,639

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 11, 2015)

TOTAL

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three	ee Months	Ended September	30	For the Nine Months Ended September 3			0	
	2015	%	2014	%	2015	%	2014	%	
	Amount	%	Amount	%0	Amount	%	Amount	%	
NET OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 26 and 36)	\$ 2,236,883	100	\$ 2,210,440	100	\$ 6,413,118	100	\$ 5,912,643	100	
OPERATING COSTS (Notes									
12, 24,27 and 36)	1,331,619	60	1,273,581	58	3,817,204	59	3,434,526	58	
GROSS PROFIT	905,264	40	936,859	42	2,595,914	41	2,478,117	42	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 24,27 and 36)									
Selling and marketing	91,810	4	105,648	5	278,173	5	303,823	5	
General and administrative	152,193	7	138,582	6	468,664	7	387,643	7	
Research and development	381,925	17	482,844	22	1,467,470	23	1,365,837	23	
Total operating expenses	625,928	28	727,074	33	2,214,307	35	2,057,303	35	
OTHER REVENUE AND									
EXPENSES	177		(28)		(682)		(40)		
INCOME FROM									
OPERATIONS	279,513	12	209,757	9	380,925	6	420,774	7	
NONOPERATING INCOME (LOSS) Other income (Notes 27 and	20,000	2	40.070	2	74 470	1	99.570	1	
36) Other gains and losses	39,690 (513,714)	(23)	49,970 78,549	2 4	74,472 174,098	1 3	88,560 221,017	1 4	
Finance costs	(10,059)	(1)	(8,819)	-	(26,249)	-	(26,152)	-	
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint		(1)	, ,		, ,		, , ,		
venture (Note 15)	17,352	1	(15,792)	(1)	11,027		36,908	1	
Total nonoperating income	(466,731)	(21)	103,908	5	233,348	4	320,333	6	
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	(187,218)	(9)	313,665	14	614,273	10	741,107	13	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) (Notes 4 and 28)	24,827	1	18,663	1	58,895	1	39,537	1	
20)					·				
NET PROFIT	(212,045)	(10)	295,002	13	555,378	9	701,570	12	
NET PROFIT FROM DISCOUNTINUED OPERATIONS (Note 13)	<u>-</u>		(88,025)	<u>(4)</u>	(27,845)	(1)	(241,508)	(4)	
NET PROFIT (LOSS) OF THE PERIOD	(212,045)	<u>(10</u> )	206,977	9	527,533	8	460,062	8	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:							(0)	inued)	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Thr	<b>Ended September</b>	For the Nine Months Ended September 30					
	2015		2014		2015		2014	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	-	-	-	-	1,606	-	-	-
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations (Note 25) Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale	109,743	5	76,638	4	46,480	1	11,898	-
financial assets (Note 25) Share of other comprehensive income	(114,826)	(5)	(82,587)	(4)	(234,406)	(4)	12,476	-
(loss) of associates and joint venture	(2,331)	=	2,773		266		2,847	
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of income tax	(7,414)	<del>-</del>	(3,176)	<del>-</del>	(186,054)	<u>(3</u> )	27,221	<del></del>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	<u>\$ (219,459)</u>	(10)	\$ 203,801	9	<u>\$ 341,479</u>	5	<u>\$ 487,283</u>	8
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Noncontrolling interests	\$ (298,415) <u>86,370</u>	(13) <u>4</u>	\$ 163,073 43,904	7 2	\$ 353,164 174,369	5 3	\$ 371,872 88,190	6 2
	<u>\$ (212,045)</u>	<u>(9</u> )	<u>\$ 206,977</u>	9	<u>\$ 527,533</u>	8	<u>\$ 460,062</u>	8
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO:								
Owners of the Company Noncontrolling interests	\$ (316,053) <u>96,594</u>	(14) 4	\$ 154,146 49,655	7 2	\$ 162,782 178,697	2 3	\$ 397,967 <u>89,316</u>	7 1
	<u>\$ (219,459)</u>	<u>(10</u> )	\$ 203,801	9	<u>\$ 341,479</u>	5	\$ 487,283	8
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE (New Taiwan dollars; Note 29) From continuing and discontinued operations								
Basic Diluted	\$ (0.51) \$ (0.51)		\$ 0.28 \$ 0.28		\$ 0.60 \$ 0.60		\$ 0.63 \$ 0.63	
From continuing operations Basic Diluted	$\frac{\$  (0.51)}{\$  (0.51)}$		\$ 0.43 \$ 0.43		\$ 0.65 \$ 0.65		\$ 1.04 \$ 1.04	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 11, 2015)

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

_	Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company											
				]	Retained Earnings (Note		Other Equ Exchange	uity (Note 25) Unrealized				
		ck Issued and ng (Note 25)	Capital Surplus (Notes 25 and 30)	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Differences on Translating Foreign Operations	Gain (Loss) on Available-for-sale Financial Assets	Treasury Shares (Notes 25 and 37)	Total	Noncontrolling Interests (Notes 4 and 23)	Total Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2014	596,910	\$ 5,969,099	\$ 950,179	\$ 1,909,685	\$ 30,755	\$ (127,263)	\$ 27,108	\$ 172,562	\$ (155,236)	\$ 8,776,889	\$ 1,588,623	\$ 10,365,512
Effect of retrospective application of IAS 19 and retrospective restatement of financial statements		<u>=</u>			<del></del>	(1,965)	<u>-</u> _	<del>_</del>		(1,965)	(269)	(2,234)
Balance at January 1, 2014 as restated	596,910	5,969,099	950,179	1,909,685	30,755	(129,228)	27,108	172,562	(155,236)	8,774,924	1,588,354	10,363,278
Appropriation of the 2013 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve	- -	-	- -	(119,147)	(8,116)	119,147 8,116	-	-		- -	- -	- -
Change in capital surplus from investment in associates and joint ventures accounted for by the equity method	-	-	15,407	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,407	-	15,407
Additional acquisition of partially owned subsidiaries	-	-	(13,617)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,617)	-	(13,617)
Changes of equity subsidiaries	-	-	10,625	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,625	-	10,625
Net profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2014	-	-	-	-	-	371,872	-	-	-	371,872	88,190	460,062
Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, net of income tax		<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	12,173	13,922	<del>_</del>	26,095	1,126	27,221
Total comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2014	<del>_</del>				<del>-</del>	371,872	12,173	13,922		397,967	89,316	487,283
Disposal of treasury shares	(4,915)	(49,150)	(42,685)	-	-	-	-	-	91,835	-	-	-
Decrease in noncontrolling interests				=				<del>-</del>			(143,325)	(143,325)
BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	591,995	\$ 5,919,949	<u>\$ 919,909</u>	<u>\$ 1,790,538</u>	<u>\$ 22,639</u>	\$ 369,907	<u>\$ 39,281</u>	<u>\$ 186,484</u>	<u>\$ (63,401)</u>	\$ 9,185,306	<u>\$ 1,534,345</u>	<u>\$ 10,719,651</u>
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2015	591,995	\$ 5,919,949	\$ 936,044	\$ 1,790,538	\$ 22,639	\$ 410,595	\$ 128,258	\$ 181,674	\$ (63,401)	\$ 9,326,296	\$ 1,598,644	\$ 10,924,940
Effect of retrospective application of IAS 19 and retrospective restatement of financial statements		<del>_</del>	7		<del>_</del>	(1,985)	<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>	(1,978)	(256)	(2,234)
Balance at January 1, 2015 as restated	591,995	5,919,949	936,051	1,790,538	22,639	408,610	128,258	181,674	(63,401)	9,324,318	1,598,388	10,922,706
Appropriation of the 2014 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividend for common stock	- - -		- - -	41,058	- - (4,806)	(41,058) (355,198) 4,806	-	- - -	- - -	(355,198)	- - -	(355,198)
Changes in capital surplus from investments in associates and joint ventures accounted for by the equity method	-	-	(324)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(324)	-	(324)
Changes of equity of subsidiaries	-	-	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	56
Disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	-	(41,292)	-	-	-	-	(41)	-	(41,333)	-	(41,333)
Net profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2015	-	-	-	-	-	353,164	-	-	-	353,164	174,369	527,533
Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, net of income tax	<u>-</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	1,606	43,241	(235,229)	<u>-</u>	(190,382)	4,328	(186,054)
Total comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015					<u>-</u>	354,770	43,241	(235,229)		162,782	178,697	341,479
Adjustments of capital surplus for the Company's cash dividends received by subsidiaries	-	-	2,136	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,136	-	2,136
Decrease in noncontrolling interests	<del>-</del>						<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>			(145,622)	(145,622)
BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2015	591,995	\$ 5,919,949	\$ 896,627	\$ 1,831,596	<u>\$ 17,833</u>	\$ 371,930	<u>\$ 171,499</u>	<u>\$ (53,596)</u>	<u>\$ (63,401)</u>	\$ 9,092,437	\$ 1,631,463	\$ 10,723,900

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 11, 2015)

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Nine Mo Septembo				
		2015		2014	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Income before income tax					
Income before income tax from continuing operations	\$	614,273	\$	741,107	
Income before income tax from discontinued operations	Ψ	(27,845)	Ψ	(241,508)	
and one options that non-discontinuous options		586,428	_	499,599	
Adjustments for:		,		,	
Depreciation expenses		205,906		199,010	
Amortization expenses		75,369		119,116	
Net loss on fair value change of financial assets designated as at fair value					
through profit or loss		791		142	
Financial costs		26,249		26,152	
Interest income		(27,721)		(29,224)	
Dividend income		(16,221)		(30,791)	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for by the equity		(, <b></b> )		(, -, -,	
method		(11,027)		(36,908)	
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(6,584)		40	
Gain on disposal of intangible assets		(279,900)		40	
Gain on disposal of investments		(54,853)		(315,858)	
Gain on disposal of associates		(906,358)		(313,030)	
Impairment loss recognized on financial assets		817,392		98,717	
Impairment loss recognized on non-financial assets		94,123		17,013	
•		94,123		17,013	
Realized gain on the transactions with associates and joint ventures				(572)	
accounted for by the equity method		(15.557)		(573)	
Net (gain) loss on foreign currency exchange		(15,557)		6,583	
Amortization of prepaid lease prepayments		2,309		2,261	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(10.702)		(0.602)	
Increase in financial assets held for trading		(10,793)		(9,693)	
Increase in trade receivables		(146,599)		(463,369)	
Decrease (increase) in other receivables		90,099		(20,629)	
Decrease (increase) in inventories		30,152		(356,483)	
Increase in other current assets		(20,524)		(58,252)	
Increase in accounts payable		41,356		183,385	
(Decrease) increase in provisions		(5,659)		2,346	
Decrease in deferred revenue		(1,370)		(1,336)	
(Decrease) increase in other current liabilities		(170,637)		104,189	
Decrease in accrued pension liabilities		(12,823)		(804)	
Cash in generated from (used in) operations		283,548		(65,367)	
Interest received		25,680		29,237	
Dividend received		40,909		138,953	
Interest paid		(25,060)		(27,142)	
Income tax paid		(44,927)		(71,292)	
1					
Net cash generated from operating activities	_	280,150		4,389	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets		(1,041,875)		(565,652)	
Proceeds of the sale of available-for-sale financial assets		1,237,486		866,419	
Purchase of debt investments with no active market		(15,389)		(14,903)	
		` ' '		(Continued)	

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

 $(In\ Thousands\ of\ New\ Taiwan\ Dollars)$ 

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

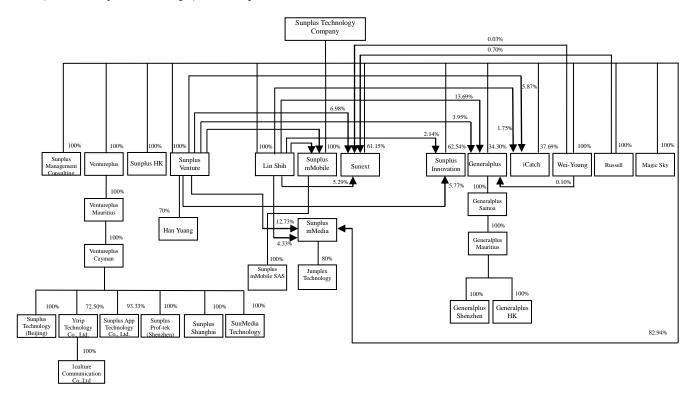
	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2015	2014	
Proceeds of the sale of debt investments with no active market	16,256	_	
Purchase of financial assets measured at cost	(387,400)	(106,481)	
Proceeds of the sale of financial assets measured at cost	-	88,812	
Capital return to the Company - financial assets carried at cost	3,645	2,811	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(257,157)	(299,771)	
Proceeds of the disposal of property, plant and equipment	23,742	14	
Increase in refundable deposits	-	(2,205)	
Decrease in refundable deposits	2,284	-	
Payments for intangible assets	(129,599)	(116,917)	
Proceeds of the disposal of intangible assets	299,971	-	
Increase in other assets	(2,616)	(31,923)	
Prepayments for equipment	(44,928)	(770,195)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(295,580)	(949,991)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in short-term borrowings	542,817	332,173	
Proceeds of long-term borrowings	700,000	720,728	
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(327,960)	(745,315)	
Proceeds of guarantee deposits received	13,293	34,262	
Refund of guarantee deposits received	(33,802)	(45,477)	
Dividends for noncontrolling interests	(499,195)	(130,475)	
Increase (decrease) in noncontrolling interests	568	(15,842)	
Net cash generated from financing activities	395,721	150,054	
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH			
HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	3,028	5,982	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	383,319	(789,566)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	3,576,732	4,331,395	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	\$ 3,960,051	\$ 3,541,829	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.			
(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 11, 2015)		(Concluded)	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sunplus Technology Company Limited (the "Company") was established in August 1990. It researches, develops, designs, tests and sells high quality, high value-added consumer integrated circuits (ICs). Its products are based on core technologies in such areas as multimedia audio/video, single-chip microcontrollers and digital signal processors. These technologies are used to develop hundreds of products including various ICs: liquid crystal display, microcontroller, multimedia, voice/music, and application-specific. Sunplus' shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since January 2000. Some of its shares have been issued in the form of global depositary receipts (GDRs), which have been listed on the London Stock Exchange since March 2001 (refer to Note 25).

Following is a diagram of the relationship and ownership percentages between Sunplus and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") as of September 30, 2015:



Sunplus mMobile, iCatch, Sunplus mMedia, Sunplus Innovation and Sunplus mMobile SAS research, develop, design, manufacture and sell all kinds of IC modules, application software and silicon intellectual property (SIP). Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) manufactures and sells ICs and building rental. Sunplus Prof-tek (Shenzhen) and SunMedia Technology researches and sells computer software and provides system integration services. Sunplus App Technology Co., Ltd. manufacture and sell ICs. Ytrip Technology main does system services and manages web business. 1culture Communication Co,. Ltd mainly does web business. Sunplus Technology (Beijing) develops Software and technology serves. Han Young mainly do information supply services, researches and sells ICs. Sunext mainly develops, and sells optical electronic and SOC (system on chip) ICs. Generalplus researches, develops, designs, manufactures, and sells custom-made ICs. Generalplus Shenzhen and Generalplus HK do market research surveys. Sunplus HK engages in international trade. All other subsidiaries are engaged in investing activities.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

#### 2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorized for issue on November 11, 2015.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. The 2013 version of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) in issue but not yet effective

Rule No. 1030010325 and Rule No. 1030029342 issued by the FSC, stipulated that the Group should apply the 2013 version of IFRS, IAS, IFRIC and SIC (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed by the FSC starting January 1, 2015.

Except for the following, the initial application of the above 2013 IFRSs version did not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies:

1) IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements"

IFRS 10 replaces IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" and SIC 12 "Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities". The Group considers whether it has control over other entities for consolidation. The Group has control over an investee if and only if it has i) power over the investee; ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of its returns. Additional guidance has been included in IFRS 10 to explain when an investor has control over an investee.

2) IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements"

IFRS 11 replaces IAS 31 "Interests in Joint Ventures" and SIC 13 "Jointly Controlled Entities - Non-monetary Contributions by Ventures". Joint arrangements are classified as joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangements. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. Under IAS 31, Joint arrangements are classified as jointly controlled entities, jointly controlled assets, and jointly controlled operations, and the Group accounts for its jointly controlled entities using the proportionate consolidation method.

#### 3) IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities"

IFRS 12 is a new disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12 are more extensive than in the current standards.

#### 4) Revision to IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"

Revised IAS 28 requires when a portion of an investment in an associate meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, that portion is classified as held for sale. Any retained portion that has not been classified as held for sale is accounted for using the equity method. Under current IAS 28, when a portion of an investment in associates meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, the entire investment is classified as held for sale and ceases to apply the equity method.

Under revised IAS 28, when an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest. Under current IAS 28, on the loss of joint control, the Group measures at fair value any investment the Group retains in the former jointly controlled entity. The Group recognizes in profit or loss any difference between the aggregate amounts of fair value of retained investment and proceeds from disposing of the part interest in the jointly controlled entity, and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when joint control is lost.

#### 5) IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements. It defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The disclosure requirements in IFRS 13 are more extensive than those required in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only will be extended by IFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

The fair value measurements under IFRS 13 will be applied prospectively from January 1, 2015.

Please refer to Note 35 for related disclosure.

#### 6) Amendment to IAS 1 "Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income"

The amendment to IAS 1 requires items of other comprehensive income to be grouped into those items that (1) will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (2) may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss. Income taxes on related items of other comprehensive income are grouped on the same basis. Under current IAS 1, there were no such requirements.

The Group will apply the above amendments in presenting the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, starting from the year 2015. Items not expected to be reclassified to profit or loss are the actuarial gain (loss) arising from defined benefit plans and share of the actuarial gains (loss) arising from defined benefit plans of [associates/joint ventures] accounted for using the equity method. Items expected to be reclassified to profit or loss are the exchange differences on translating foreign operations, unrealized gains (loss) on available-for-sale financial assets, cash flow hedges, and share of the other comprehensive income (except the share of the actuarial gains (loss) arising from defined benefit plans) of [associates/joint ventures] accounted for using the equity method.

#### 7) Revision to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits"

Revised IAS 19 requires the recognition of changes in defined benefit obligations and in the fair value of plan assets when they occur, and hence eliminate the "corridor approach" permitted under current IAS 19 and accelerate the recognition of past service costs. The revision requires all actuarial gains and losses to be recognized immediately through other comprehensive income in order for the net pension asset or liability to reflect the full value of the plan deficit or surplus. Furthermore, the interest cost and expected return on plan assets used in current IAS 19 are replaced with a "net interest" amount, which is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

Furthermore, the interest cost and expected return on plan assets used in current IAS 19 are replaced with a "net interest" amount, which is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. In addition, the revised IAS 19 introduces certain changes in the presentation of the defined benefit cost, and also includes more extensive disclosures.

On initial application of the revised IAS 19 in 2015, the changes in cumulative employee benefit costs as of December 31, 2013 resulting from the retrospective application are adjusted to net defined benefit liabilities and retained earnings; the carrying amounts of inventories is not adjusted. In addition, in preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, the Group would elect not to present 2014 comparative information about the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation.

The impact on the current period is set out below:

The Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	September 30, 2015
Accrued pension liabilities increased	<u>\$ 21</u>
Retained earnings decreased Non-controlling interests increased	\$ (27) <u>6</u>
Equity decreased	<u>\$ (21)</u>
The Impact on Other Comprehensive Income	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015
Increase on operating expense Decreases on net income Impact on total comprehensive loss attributable to:	\$ 21 \$ 21
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ (27) <u>6</u>
	<u>\$ (21)</u>

The impact on the prior period is set out below:

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Restated	
<u>December 31, 2014</u>				
Other current assets	<u>\$ 224,616</u>	<u>\$ (18)</u>	\$ 224,598	
Total effect on assets	<u>\$ 14,819,462</u>	<u>\$ (18)</u>	\$ 14,819,444	
Accrued pension liabilities	<u>\$ 105,889</u>	\$ 2,216	\$ 108,105	
Total effect on liabilities	\$ 3,894,522	<u>\$ 2,216</u>	\$ 3,896,738	
Retained earnings Capital surplus Non-controlling interests	\$ 410,595 936,044 1,598,644 \$ 2,945,283	\$ (1,985) 7 (256) \$ (2,234)	\$ 408,610 936,051 1,598,388 \$ 2,943,049	
Total effect on equity	<u>\$ 10,924,940</u>	\$ (2,234)	\$ 10,922,706	
<u>September 30, 2014</u>				
Other current assets	<u>\$ 291,691</u>	<u>\$ (18)</u>	<u>\$ 291,673</u>	
Total effect on assets	<u>\$ 15,042,673</u>	<u>\$ (18)</u>	<u>\$ 15,042,655</u>	
Accrued pension liabilities	<u>\$ 115,485</u>	<u>\$ 2,216</u>	<u>\$ 117,701</u>	
Total effect on liabilities	<u>\$ 4,320,788</u>	\$ 2,216	\$ 4,323,004	
Retained earnings Non-controlling interests	\$ 371,872 1,534,614	\$ (1,965) (269)	\$ 369,907 1,534,345	
	<u>\$ 1,906,486</u>	<u>\$ (2,234)</u>	\$ 1,904,252	
Total effect on equity	<u>\$ 10,721,885</u>	<u>\$ (2,234)</u>	\$ 10,719,651	
<u>January 1, 2014</u>				
Other current assets	<u>\$ 232,700</u>	<u>\$ (18)</u>	\$ 232,682	
Total effect on assets	<u>\$ 14,201,612</u>	<u>\$ (18)</u>	<u>\$ 14,201,594</u>	
Accrued pension liabilities	<u>\$ 116,289</u>	<u>\$ 2,216</u>	<u>\$ 118,505</u>	
Total effect on liabilities	\$ 3,836,100	\$ 2,216	\$ 3,838,316 (Continued)	

Impact on Assets, Liabilities and Equity	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Restated		
Retained earnings Non-controlling interests	\$ (127,263) 1,588,623	\$ (1,965) (269)	\$ (129,228) 1,588,354		
	\$ 1,461,360	<u>\$ (2,234)</u>	<u>\$ 1,459,126</u>		
Total effect on equity	<u>\$ 10,365,512</u>	\$ (2,234)	\$ 10,363,278 (Concluded)		

#### 8) Amendments to IFRS 7 "Disclosure - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities"

The amendments to IFRS 7 require disclosure of information about rights of offset and related arrangements (such as collateral posting requirements) for financial instruments under enforceable master netting arrangements and similar arrangements. Please refer to Note 35 for related disclosure.

#### 9) Amendments to IAS 32 "Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities"

The amendments to IAS 32 clarify the requirements relating to the offset of financial assets and financial liabilities. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off" and "simultaneous realization and settlement".

#### 10) Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2009-2011 Cycle

Several standards including IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment", IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" were amended in this annual improvement.

The amendments to IAS 1 clarify that an entity is required to present a balance sheet as at the beginning of the preceding period when a) it applies an accounting policy retrospectively, or makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements, and b) the retrospective application, restatement or reclassification has a material effect on the information in the balance sheet at the beginning of the preceding period. The amendments also clarify that related notes are not required to accompany the balance sheet at the beginning of the preceding period.

The amendments to IAS 16 clarify that spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment should be recognized in accordance with IAS 16 when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment and otherwise as inventory.

The amendments to IAS 32 clarify that income tax relating to distributions to holders of an equity instrument and to transaction costs of an equity transaction should be accounted for in accordance with IAS 12 "Income Taxes".

The amendments to IAS 34 clarify that a measure of total liabilities for a reportable segment would be disclosed in interim financial reporting when such amounts are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker of the Group and there has been a material change from the amounts disclosed in the last annual financial statements for that reportable segment. Please refer to Note 40 for related disclosure.

#### b. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed by FSC

The Group has not applied the following New IFRSs issued by the IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC. As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the FSC has not announced their effective dates.

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)				
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle	July 1, 2014 (Note 2)				
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle	July 1, 2014				
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle	January 1, 2016 (Note 4)				
IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"	January 1, 2018				
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Mandatory Effective Date of and Transition Disclosures"	January 1, 2018				
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	January 1, 2016 (Note 3)				
Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28" Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception"	January 1, 2016				
Amendment to IFRS 11 "Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations"	January 1, 2016				
IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"	January 1, 2018				
Amendment to IAS 1 "Disclosure Initiative"	January 1, 2016				
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 "Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization"	January 1, 2016				
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41 "Agriculture: Bearer Plants"	January 1, 2016				
Amendment to IAS 19 "Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions"	July 1, 2014				
Amendment to IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"	January 1, 2014				
Amendment to IAS 39 "Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting"	January 1, 2014				
IFRIC 21 "Levies"	January 1, 2014				

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The amendment to IFRS 2 applies to share-based payment transactions with grant date on or after July 1, 2014; the amendment to IFRS 3 applies to business combinations with acquisition date on or after July 1, 2014; the amendment to IFRS 13 is effective immediately; the remaining amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.
- Note 3: Prospectively applicable to transactions occurring in annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.
- Note 4: The amendment to IFRS 5 is applied prospectively to changes in a method of disposal that occur in annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016; the remaining amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

The initial application of the above New IFRSs whenever applied would not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies, except for the following:

#### 1) IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

#### Recognition and measurement of financial assets

With regards to financial assets, all recognized financial assets that are within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value. Under IFRS 9, the requirement for the classification of financial assets is stated below.

For the Group's debt instruments that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, their classification and measurement are as follows:

- a) For debt instruments, if they are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, the financial assets are measured at amortized cost and are assessed for impairment continuously with impairment loss recognized in profit or loss, if any. Interest revenue is recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method;
- b) For debt instruments, if they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and the selling of financial assets, the financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) and are assessed for impairment. Interest revenue is recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method, and other gain or loss shall be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the debt instruments are derecognized or reclassified, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Except for above, all other financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss. However, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss. No subsequent impairment assessment is required, and the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

#### The impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 requires that impairment loss on financial assets is recognized by using the "Expected Credit Losses Model". The credit loss allowance is required for financial assets measured at amortized cost, financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTOCI, lease receivables, contract assets arising from IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", certain written loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. A loss allowance for the 12-month expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition. A loss allowance for full lifetime expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition and is not low. However, a loss allowance for full lifetime expected credit losses is required for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Group takes into account the expected credit losses on initial recognition in calculating the credit-adjusted effective interest rate. Subsequently, any changes in expected losses are recognized as a loss allowance with a corresponding gain or loss recognized in profit or loss.

#### Hedge accounting

The main changes in hedge accounting amended the application requirements for hedge accounting to better reflect the entity's risk management activities. Compared with IAS 39, the main changes include: (1) enhancing types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the risk eligible for hedge accounting of non-financial items; (2) changing the way hedging derivative instruments are accounted for to reduce profit or loss volatility; and (3) replacing retrospective effectiveness assessment with the principle of economic relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item.

#### 2) Amendment to IAS 36 "Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets"

In issuing IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement", the IASB made consequential amendment to the disclosure requirements in IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", introducing a requirement to disclose in every reporting period the recoverable amount of an asset or each cash-generating unit. The amendment clarifies that such disclosure of recoverable amounts is required only when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed during the period. Furthermore, the Group is required to disclose the discount rate used in measurements of the recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal measured using a present value technique.

#### 3) Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2010-2012 Cycle

Several standards including IFRS 2 "Share-Based Payment", IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" and IFRS 8 "Operating Segments" were amended in this annual improvement.

The amended IFRS 2 changes the definitions of 'vesting condition' and 'market condition' and adds definitions for 'performance condition' and 'service condition'. The amendment clarifies that a performance target can be based on the operations (i.e. a non-market condition) of the Company or another entity in the same group or the market price of the equity instruments of the Company or another entity in the same group (i.e. a market condition); that a performance target can relate either to the performance of the Company as a whole or to some part of it (e.g. a division); and that the period for achieving a performance condition must not extend beyond the end of the related service period. In addition, a share market index target is not a performance condition because it not only reflects the performance of the Company, but also of other entities outside the Company.

IFRS 3 was amended to clarify that contingent consideration should be measured at fair value, irrespective of whether the contingent consideration is a financial instrument within the scope of IFRS 9 or IAS 39. Changes in fair value should be recognized in profit or loss.

The amended IFRS 8 requires an entity to disclose the judgments made by management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments, including a description of the operating segments aggregated and the economic indicators assessed in determining whether the operating segments have 'similar economic characteristics'. The amendment also clarifies that a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets should only be provided if the segments' assets are regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

IFRS 13 was amended to clarify that the issuance of IFRS 13 did not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at their invoice amounts without discounting, if the effect of not discounting is immaterial.

IAS 24 was amended to clarify that a management entity providing key management personnel services to the Company is a related party of the Company. Consequently, the Company is required to disclose as related party transactions the amounts incurred for the service paid or payable to the management entity for the provision of key management personnel services. However, disclosure of the components of such compensation is not required.

4) Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2011-2013 Cycle

Several standards including IFRS 3, IFRS 13 and IAS 40 "Investment Property" was amended in this annual improvement.

IFRS 3 was amended to clarify that IFRS 3 does not apply to the accounting for the formation of all types of joint arrangements in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

The scope in IFRS 13 of the portfolio exception for measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis was amended to clarify that it includes all contracts that are within the scope of, and accounted for in accordance with, IAS 39 or IFRS 9, even if those contracts do not meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities within IAS 32.

5) Amendments to IFRS 11 "Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations"

The amendments require that the acquirer of an interest in a joint operation, in which the activity constitutes a business, as defined in IFRS 3, is required to apply all of the principles on business combinations accounting in IFRS 3 and other IFRSs with the exception of those principles that conflict with the guidance in IFRS 11. Accordingly, a joint operator that is an acquirer of such an interest has to:

- measure most identifiable assets and liabilities at fair value;
- expense acquisition-related costs (other than debt or equity issuance costs);
- recognize deferred taxes;
- recognizing any goodwill or bargain purchase gain;
- perform impairment tests for the cash generating units to which goodwill has been allocated;
- disclose information required relevant for business combinations.

The amendments also apply to the formation of a joint operation if, and only if, an existing business is contributed to the joint operation on its formation by one of the parties that participate in the joint operation.

The amendments do not apply on the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation when the parties sharing control are under common control before and after the acquisition.

6) Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 "Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization"

The entity should use appropriate depreciation and amortization method to reflect the pattern in which the future economic benefits of the property, plant and equipment and intangible asset are expected to be consumed by the entity.

The amended IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" requires that a depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate. The amended standard does not provide any exception from this requirement.

The amended IAS 38 "Intangible Assets" requires that there is a rebuttable presumption that an amortization method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an intangible asset is not appropriate. This presumption can be overcome only in the following limited circumstances:

a) In which the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue (for example, the contract that specifies the entity's use of the intangible asset will expire upon achievement of a revenue threshold); or

b) When it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.

An entity should apply the aforementioned amendments prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after the effective date.

7) IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

IFRS 15 establishes principles for recognizing revenue that apply to all contracts with customers, and will supersedes IAS 18 "Revenue", IAS 11 "Construction Contracts". When applying IFRS 15, an entity shall recognize revenue by applying the following steps:

- Identify the contract with the customer;
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contracts; and
- Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

When IFRS 15 is effective, an entity may elect to apply this Standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

8) Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"

The amendments stipulated that, when an entity sells or contributes assets that constitute a business (as defined in IFRS 3) to an associate or joint venture, the gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized in full. Also, when an entity loses control of a subsidiary that contains a business but retains significant influence or joint control, the gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized in full

Conversely, when an entity sells or contributes assets that do not constitute a business to an associate or joint venture, the gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interest in the associate or joint venture, i.e. the entity's share of the gain or loss is eliminated. Also, when an entity loses control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business but retains significant influence or joint control in an associate or a joint venture, the gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interest in the associate or joint venture, i.e. the entity's share of the gain or loss is eliminated.

9) Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2012-2014 Cycle

Several standards including IFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations"; IFRS 7, IAS 19 and IAS 34 were amended in this annual improvement.

IFRS 5 was amended to clarify that reclassification between non-current assets (or disposal group) "held for sale" and non-current assets "held for distribution to owners" does not constitute a change to a plan of sale or distribution. Therefore, previous accounting treatment is not reversed. The amendment also explains that assets that no longer meet the criteria for "held for distribution to owners" and do not meet the criteria for "held for sale" should be treated in the same way as assets that cease to be classified as held for sale.

The amendments to IFRS 7 provide additional guidance to clarify whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred asset. In addition, the amendments clarify that the offsetting disclosures are not explicitly required for all interim periods; however, the disclosures

may need to be included in condensed interim financial statements to comply with IAS 34 under specific conditions.

IAS 19 was amended to clarify that the depth of the market for high quality corporate bonds used to estimate discount rate for post-employment benefits should be assessed by the market of the corporate bonds denominated in the same currency as the benefits to be paid, i.e. assessed at currency level (instead of country or regional level).

#### 10) Amendment to IAS 1 "Disclosure Initiative"

The amendment clarifies that the consolidated financial statements should be prepared for the purpose of disclosing material information. To improve the understandability of its consolidated financial statements, the Group should disaggregate the disclosure of material items into their different natures or functions, and disaggregate material information from immaterial information.

The amendment further clarifies that the Group should consider the understandability and comparability of its consolidated financial statements to determine a systematic order in presenting its footnotes.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the parent Group only financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuingly assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and operating result, and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is complete.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the FSC. Disclosure information in the consolidated financial statements is less than those required in complete set of annual financial statements.

#### b. Basis of preparation

Please refer to Note 14 for details, shareholding percentage and transaction details of subsidiaries.

#### c. Other important accounting policies

The accounting policies described in the consolidated financial statements were consistent with those applied in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, except for the following:

#### 1) Employee benefits

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost (including current service cost) and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur and is reflected immediately in accumulated deficit and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability (asset) represents the actual deficit (surplus) in the Group's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

#### 2) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

The same critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimates and uncertainty have been followed in these consolidated financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	_	ember 30, 2015	Dec	ember 31, 2014	September 30, 2014		
Cash on hand	\$	4,827	\$	6,366	\$	6,394	
Checking accounts and demand deposits	1	,457,764		907,475		1,335,381	
Cash equivalent deposits in banks	2	,436,551	2	2,604,185	,	2,144,128	
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds		60,909		58,706		55,926	
	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>,960,051</u>	\$ 3	3,576,732	<u>\$</u>	3,541,829	

The market rate intervals of cash in bank and bank overdrafts at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Bank balance	0.01%-4.1%	0.01%-4.0%	0.02%-3.455%
Repurchase agreement collateralized by bonds	1.00%	1.0%-1.625%	1.0%-1.625%

#### 7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
Financial assets held for trading				
Nonderivative financial assets Corporate bonds of domestic listed stocks	<u>\$ 25,595</u>	<u>\$ 14,830</u>	<u>\$ 17,853</u>	

#### 8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
<u>Domestic investments</u>				
<ul><li>Mutual funds</li><li>Quoted shares</li></ul>	\$ 784,419 1,661,409	\$ 911,450 804,644	\$ 1,032,849 766,657	
Foreign investments				
- Quoted shares		<del>_</del>	9,174	
	<u>\$ 2,445,828</u>	\$ 1,716,094	<u>\$ 1,808,680</u>	
Current Noncurrent	\$ 859,509 <u>1,586,319</u>	\$ 984,307 <u>731,787</u>	\$ 1,114,127 694,553	
	<u>\$ 2,445,828</u>	<u>\$ 1,716,094</u>	<u>\$ 1,808,680</u>	

For the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Group recognized impairment losses of \$583,395 thousand and \$754,346 thousand, respectively.

#### 9. DEBT INVESTMENTS WITH NO ACTIVE MARKET

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2015	2014	2014
Fixed income fund	\$ 15,389	\$ 14,90 <u>3</u>	\$ 14 <b>,</b> 903

In May 2015, and March 2014, the Group bought a fixed-income Germany fund established for meeting certain building needs. The fund price is US\$500 thousand and the effective interest rate of fund is 8%.

#### 10. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT COST

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
Domestic unlisted common shares	<u>\$ 626,503</u>	<u>\$ 241,005</u>	\$ 249,812	
Classified as available for sale	<u>\$ 626,503</u>	<u>\$ 241,005</u>	\$ 249,812	

Management believed that the above unlisted equity investments held by the Group, whose fair value cannot be reliably measured due to the range of reasonable fair value estimates was so significant; therefore they were measured at cost less impairment at the end of reporting period.

The Group believed that the above financial asset carried at cost had impairment losses of \$0 and \$98,717 thousand as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$0 and \$6,086 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The Group recognized disposal gain of \$0 and \$67,038 thousand as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$0 and \$66,397 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### 11. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
Notes receivable Accounts receivable Accounts receivable - related parties Allowance for doubtful receivables	\$ - 1,898,099 9,235 (1,565) 1,905,769	\$\frac{121}{1,716,326}\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\$\frac{71,569}{1,901,826} \frac{17,934}{(1,565)} \frac{1,918,195}{1,918,195}	
	\$ 1,905,769	<u>\$ 1,729,796</u>	<u>\$ 1,989,764</u>	

#### Accounts receivable

The average credit period on sales of goods was 30-90 days without interest. In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable, the Group considered any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable since the date credit was initially granted to the end of the reporting period. Allowance for impairment loss were recognized against trade receivables based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to past default experience of the counterparties and an analysis of their current financial position.

Of the trade receivables balance (see below for aged analysis) that are past due at the end of the reporting period, the Group had not recognized an allowance for impaired notes receivable and trade receivables for \$124,977 thousand, \$77,857 thousand and \$101,562 thousand as of September 30, 2015, December 31, 2014 and September 30, 2014, respectively, because there had not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts were still considered recoverable. The Group did not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances nor did it have a legal right to offset against any amounts owed by the Group to the counterparty. As of November 11, 2015, the above trade receivables of September 30, 2015 that are past due but not impaired had received \$102,248 thousand.

The aging of receivables was as follows:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
0-60 days	\$ 1,416,168	\$ 1,332,057	\$ 1,533,913	
61-90 days	354,049	328,655	356,261	
91-120 days	42,906	70,528	29,586	
121-360 days	94,211	<del>_</del>	=	
Total	<u>\$ 1,907,334</u>	<u>\$ 1,731,240</u>	<u>\$ 1,919,760</u>	

#### The above was the aging analysis as of reporting period.

The aging of the receivables that are past due but not impaired was as follows:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Less than 60 days 61-90 days More than 91-120 days	\$ 79,832 45,145	\$ 77,857 - 	\$ 101,562 - -
	\$ 124,977	<u>\$ 77,857</u>	\$ 101,562

Above analysis was based on the past due date.

Movements in the allowance for impairment loss recognized on notes receivable and trade receivables were as follows:

	Individually Impaired	Collectively Impaired	Total
Balance at January 1, 2014 Add: Impairment losses recognized on	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
receivable	1,565		1,565
Balance at September 30, 2014	<u>\$ 1,565</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,565</u>
Balance at January 1, 2015 Add: Impairment losses recognized on	\$ 1,565	\$ -	\$ 1,565
receivable		<del></del> _	
Balance at September 30, 2015	<u>\$ 1,565</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,565</u>

#### 12. INVENTORIES

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2015	2014	2014	
Finished goods	\$ 427,104	\$ 662,976	\$ 560,900	
Work in progress	668,332	499,212	516,721	
Raw materials	222,154	185,554	201,079	
	<u>\$ 1,317,590</u>	<u>\$ 1,347,742</u>	<u>\$ 1,278,700</u>	

The costs of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$1,320,957 thousand and \$1,257,624 thousand, respectively, and \$3,794,657 thousand and \$3,372,998 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The cost of inventories recognized as cost of good sold in the three months ended September 30, 2014 and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

		Months Ended aber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30	
(Gains) losses on inventory value recoveries Income from scrap sales	2015	2014	2015	2014
	\$ 7,396 (57)	\$ 10,456 (116)	\$ 14,644 (189)	\$ 12,414 (371)
	\$ 7,339	<u>\$ 10,340</u>	<u>\$ 14,455</u>	<u>\$ 12,043</u>

#### 13. NON-CURRENT ASSETS AND DISPOSAL GROUPS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

#### a. Discontinued operations

On January 20, 2015, the Company's board of directors entered into an agreement to sell the STB (set-top box) product center to Availink, Inc. This sale was completed in March 2015.

Please refer to Note 32 for Gains (loss) on disposal calculation.

Loss from discontinued operations was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	20	15	2014	2015	2014
Net loss for the period Gains on disposal (see Note 32)	\$	- <u>-</u>	\$ (88,025)	\$ (315,011) <u>287,166</u>	\$ (241,508) 
	\$	<u> </u>	\$ (88,025)	<u>\$ (27,845)</u>	<u>\$ (241,508</u> )

Segment revenue and cash flow results:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2015				2014	
Operating revenue	\$	_	\$ 188,113	\$ 96,100	\$ 597,985	
Operating costs	т	_	(131,564)	(230,623)	(403,723)	
Gross profit (loss)		_	56,549	(134,523)	194,262	
Selling and marketing expenses		-	(3,295)	(1,982)	(10,274)	
General and administrative expenses		_	(13,378)	(4,302)	(38,859)	
Research and development						
expenses			(127,901)	(80,081)	(386,637)	
Loss from operations		-	(88,025)	(220,888)	(241,508)	
Other loss				(94,123)	<del>_</del>	
Loss before tax		-	(88,025)	(315,011)	(241,508)	
Income tax expense		<del>_</del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	
Net loss for the period	\$		<u>\$ (88,025)</u>	<u>\$ (315,011)</u>	\$ (241,508) (Continued)	

	For the Three Septen	Months Ended aber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$ -</u>	\$ (88,025) 	\$ (315,011) 	\$ (241,508) - \$ (241,508)	
Net cash used in operating activities Net cash outflows	<u>\$</u>	\$ (19,627) \$ (19,627)	\$ (48,216) \$ (48,216)	\$ (453,277) \$ (453,277) (Concluded)	

There was no tax expense or benefit related to the gain (loss) on discontinued operations.

The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the STB product center at the date of disposal are disclosed in Note 32.

#### 14. SUBSIDIARIES

a. The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

The information of the subsidiaries at the end of reporting period was as follows:

			Pero	entage of Owner	ship	
			September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Main Businesses and Products	2015	2014	2014	Note
Sunplus	Sunplus Management Consulting	Management	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
1	Ventureplus	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
	Sunplus Technology (H.K.)	International trade	100.00	100.00	100.00	_
	Sunplus Venture	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
	Lin Shih Investment	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	_
	Sunplus mMobile.	Design of integrated circuits (ICs)	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
	Sunext Technology	Design and sale of ICs	61.15	61.15	61.15	_
	Sunplus Innovation Technology	Design of ICs	62.54	62.54	62.54	_
	Generalplus Technology	Design of ICs	34.30	34.30	34.30	Sunplus and its subsidiaries
	("Generalplus")	6				had 52.04% equity in
	, , , , ,					Generalplus.
	iCatch	Design of ICs	37.69	37.70	37.70	Sunplus and its subsidiaries
						had 45.31% equity in iCatch
						Technology, Inc. and the
						Group had controlling
						interest over iCatch
						Technology, Inc.; thus, the
						investee was included in the
						consolidated financial
						statements.
	Wei-Young Investment Inc.	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
	Russell Holdings Limited	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	=
	Magic Sky Limited	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
	Sunplus mMedia Inc.	Design of ICs	87.20	82.94	82.94	-
Ventureplus	Ventureplus Mauritius	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
Ventureplus Mauritius	Ventureplus Cayman	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
Ventureplus Cayman	Ytrip Technology	Web research and development	72.50	72.50	72.50	-
	Sunplus App Technology	Manufacturing and sale of	93.33	93.33	80.00	-
		computer software; system				
		integration services and				
		information management and				
		education.				
	Sunplus Prof-tek Technology	Development and sale of	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
	(Shenzhen)	computer software and system				
		integration services				
	Sunplus Technology Technology	Manufacturing and sale of	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
	(Shanghai)	consumer and rental				
	SunMedia Technology	Manufacturing and sale of	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
		computer software and system				
		integration services	400.00	400.00	400.00	
	Sunplus Technology(Beijing)	Manufacturing and sale of	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
		computer software and system				
37: ' T 1 1	1 1 0 1 1	integration services	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Ytrip Technology	1culture Communication	Development and sale	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
						(Continued)
						(commuda)

				centage of Owner	rship	
			September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
Name of Investor	Name of Investee	Main Businesses and Products	2015	2014	2014	Note
Sunplus Venture	Han Young Technology	Design of ICs	70.00	70.00	70.00	-
•	Sunext Technology Co., Ltd. ("Sunext")	Design and sale of ICs	6.98	6.98	6.98	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 74.15% equity in Sunext.
	Generalplus Technology Inc.	Design of ICs	3.95	3.95	3.95	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 52.04% equity in Generalplus.
	Sunplus mMedia	Design of ICs	9.55	12.73	12.73	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 100% equity in Sunplus mMedia.
	Sunplus Innovation	Design of ICs	5.77	5.77	5.77	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 70.45% equity in Sunplus Innovation
	iCatch Technology, Inc.	Design of ICs	5.87	5.88	5.88	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 45.31% equity in iCatch Technology, Inc.
Lin Shih	Generalplus Technology	Design of ICs	13.69	13.69	13.69	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 52.04% equity in Generalplus.
	Sunext Technology	Design and sale of ICs	5.29	5.29	5.29	Sunplus and the subsidiaries had 74.15% equity in Sunext.
	Sunplus mMedia	Design of ICs	3.25	4.33	3.86	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 100% equity in Sunplus mMedia.
	Sunplus Innovation	Design of ICs	2.14	2.14	2.14	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 70.45% equity in Sunplus Innovation
	iCatch Technology,	Design of ICs	1.75	1.75	1.75	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 45.31% equity in iCatch Technology, Inc. and the Group had controlling interest over iCatch Technology, Inc.; thus, the investee was included in the consolidated financial statements.
Sunplus mMobile	Sunplus mMobile SAS	Design of ICs	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
Generalplus	Generalplus Samoa	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	-
Generalplus Samoa Generalplus Mauritius	Generalplus Mauritius Generalplus Shenzhen	Investment After-sales service	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	<del>-</del>
Generalpius Wauritius	Generalplus HK	Sales	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Wei-Young	Generalplus	Design of Ics	0.10	0.10	0.10	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 52.04% equity in Generalplus
	Sunext Technology	Design and sale of Ics	0.03	0.03	0.03	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 74.15% equity in Sunext
Russell	Sunext Technology	Design and sale of Ics	0.70	0.70	0.70	Sunplus and its subsidiaries had 74.15% equity in Sunext
Sunplus mMedia Inc.	Jumplux Technology	Design and sale of Ics	80.00	80.00	-	The investee was established in October 2014
						(Concluded)

The financial statements as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of the above subsidiaries except those of Generalplus and Surplus mMobile, had not been reviewed.

#### b. Subsidiary excluded from the consolidated financial statements

	The voting	The voting Ratio of Non control Equity				
	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014			
Company name						
Generalplus Technology Inc.	47.96%	47.96%	47.96%			

Please refer to attachment 5 for registered countries and company information:

	Profits Attributed to Non-controlling Interests				Non-controlling Interests		
	Three Mo	onths Ended	Nine Mont	ths Ended			
	Septe	mber 30	Septem	iber 30	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
Company name	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2014
Generalplus Technology Inc.	\$ 64,864	\$ 46,648	\$ 149,525	\$ 119,158	\$ 1,011,036	\$ 1,003,480	\$ 965,708

The summarized financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

		September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities		\$ 2,197,543 732,267 758,650 91,832	\$ 1,776,298 825,416 432,051 106,091	\$ 1,896,910 814,790 622,250 104,632	
Equity		<u>\$ 2,079,328</u>	\$ 2,063,572	<u>\$ 1,984,818</u>	
Equity attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		\$ 1,068,291 1,011,037 \$ 2,079,328	\$ 1,060,092 1,003,480 \$ 2,063,572	\$ 1,019,110 965,708 \$ 1,984,818	
		ree Months Ended tember 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
-	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Operating revenue	\$ 884,576	<u>\$ 832,021</u>	\$ 2,392,345	\$ 2,236,451	
Net income Other comprehensive income	\$ 135,241 20,255		\$ 311,757 <u>8,683</u>	\$ 248,443 1,597	
Total other comprehensive income	\$ 155,496	<u>\$ 108,919</u>	<u>\$ 320,440</u>	<u>\$ 250,040</u>	
Equity attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 70,377 64,864 \$ 135,241	46,648	\$ 162,232 149,525 \$ 311,757	\$ 129,285	
Total other comprehensive attributable to:	Ф. 00.026	D	h 166751	<b>4</b> 120 116	
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 80,923 74,573	·	\$ 166,751 153,689	\$ 130,116 119,924	
	\$ 155,496	<u>\$ 108,919</u>	\$ 320,440	\$ 250,040 (Continued)	

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ende September 30		
	2015	2014		2015		2014
Cash flows						
Cash flows from operating activities			\$	251,167	\$	231,250
Cash flows used in investing activities				(130,056)		(140,642)
Cash flows used in financing activities				(111,229)		(195,851)
Effect of exchange rate changes on the balance of						
cash held in foreign currencies				898		1,474
Net cash outflow			\$	10,780	\$	(130,769)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests						
Generalplus Technology Inc.			\$	(146,133)	<u>\$</u>	(130,475) (Concluded)

## 15. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Investments in associates Investments in jointly controlled entities	\$ 341,997 58,579	\$ 1,345,479 63,760	\$ 1,381,608 <u>77,900</u>
	<u>\$ 400,576</u>	\$ 1,409,239	\$ 1,459,508
a. Investments in associates			
	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Listed companies Global View, Co., Ltd. FocalTech Technology, Co., Ltd.	\$ 341,997	\$ 350,536 994,943	\$ 369,702 1,011,906
	<u>\$ 341,997</u>	<u>\$ 1,345,479</u>	<u>\$ 1,381,608</u>

As the end of the reporting period, the proportion of ownership and voting rights in associates held by the Group were as follows:

Associate	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Global View Co., Ltd.	13%	13%	13%
FocalTech Technology, Co., Ltd.	_	34%	34%

In their meeting on September 30, 2014, the shareholders of Orise Technology ("Orise") approved the merger of Orise and FocalTech-Systems ("FocalTech") Technology, with FocalTech as the survivor entity, and the merger and share transfer took effect on January 2, 2015. Orise issued new common shares, and FocalTech swapped 1 common share for 4.8 common shares of Orise. After the merger, the Group had a gain of \$906,358 thousand, but the Group's equity interest in Orise decreased from 34% to 12%, resulting in the Group's losing significant influence on Orise. Thus, the Group reclassified its investment in Orise to available-for-sale financial asset. Orise was renamed FocalTech in January 2014.

In their meeting on June 17, 2014, the board of directors of Global View Co., Ltd. ("Global") elected the Company's director as a board member. The Company thus considered that it acquired significant influence in Global and reclassified its holding of Global shares from available-for-sale financial assets to an investment in an associate.

The fair values of publicly traded investments accounted for using the equity method were based on the closing prices of those investments at the balance sheet date, as follows:

Name of Associate	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2015	2014	2014
Global View Co., Ltd.	\$ 253,467	\$ 259,639	\$ 369,738
FocalTech Technology, Co., Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 1,858,790	\$ 1,996,033

The company using the equity method on related subsidiary above mentioned.

Please refer to Note 37 for the amount of pledge of borrowing fund.

#### b. Investments in jointly controlled entities

The Company signed an investment agreement with Silicon Integrated Systems Corp. on December 19, 2012. Both sides agreed to increase capital in Sunplus Core Inc. (renamed S2-Tek Inc. since March 11, 2013), which researches, develops, designs, and sells TV integrated circuits (ICs). The investment agreement was registered on January 21, 2013.

The Company had 99.98% equity in Sunplus Core Inc. before the investment agreement, but when the Company later subscribed for Sunplus Core Inc.'s additional new shares at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the Company's equity decreased to 51.25%. When Sunplus Core Inc. changed its name to S2-Tek Inc. on January 21, 2013, a new investment agreement was made, which stated that the Company no longer had control over S2-Tek Inc. The Company continued to recognize this investment by the equity method.

Company name	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2015	2014	2014
Jointly controlled entities S2-Tek Inc.	<u>\$ 58,579</u>	\$ 63,760	<u>\$ 77,900</u>

Please refer to the attachment 5 for associates business type, main operating location and the registered countries information.

Investments in above jointly controlled entities are accounted for using equity method.

The financial statements of above except for Focaltech Inc. as of nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not reviewed.

#### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014									
	Buildings	Auxiliary Equipment	Machinery and Equipment	Testing Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Furniture and Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Other Equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost										
Balance, beginning of Period Additions Disposals	\$ 1,269,627 64,678	\$ 151,411 2,307	\$ 30,672 238 (156)	\$ 399,339 120,455 (1,529)	\$ 10,942 -	\$ 224,542 25,090 (2,477)	\$ 6,402 1,096	\$ 19,154 199	\$ 872,834 45,572	\$ 2,984,923 259,635 (4,162)
Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period	673 1,334,978	41 153,759	7,921 38,675	(515) 517,750	279 11,221	(7,694) 239,461	7,520	854 20,207	3,524 921,930	5,105 3,245,501
Accumulated depreciation										
Balance, beginning of period Additions	273,056 23,447	60,565 10,704	26,613 3,576	258,438 122,874	7,995 758	176,581 19,832	4,284 2,200	11,252 1,954	-	818,784 185,345
Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes	(1,813)	1,409	(156) 4,729	(1,476)	(7)	(2,476)	(1,350)	- 44	-	(4,108)
Balance, end of period	294,690	72,678	34,762	380,107	8,746	189,397	5,134	13,250		998,764
Accumulated Impairment										
Balance, beginning of period Additions		<u> </u>		11,498						11,498
Balance, end of period			<del></del>	11,498	<del></del>		<del></del>			11,498
Net, end of period	\$ 1,040,288	\$ 81,081	\$ 3,913	<u>\$ 126,145</u>	<u>\$ 2,475</u>	\$ 50,064	\$ 2,386	<u>\$ 6,957</u>	<u>\$ 921,930</u>	\$ 2,235,239
					the Nine Months Er					
	Buildings	Auxiliary equipment	Machinery and Equipment	For Testing Equipment	the Nine Months Er Transportation Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	2015 Leasehold Improvements	Other Equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
<u>Cost</u>	Buildings			Testing	Transportation	Furniture and	Leasehold			Total
Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals	Buildings \$ 2,516,262 - (11,684)			Testing	Transportation	Furniture and	Leasehold			\$ 4,501,201 246,787
Balance, beginning of period Additions	\$ 2,516,262	* 205,872 12,671	<b>Equipment</b> \$ 20,988 639	Testing Equipment  \$ 492,573 85,955	Transportation Equipment  \$ 11,306 960	Furniture and Fixtures \$ 267,052 5,196	Leasehold Improvements	<b>Equipment</b> \$ 23,743 6,483	Progress  \$ 957,782 134,883	\$ 4,501,201 246,787
Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 2,516,262 (11,684) 	\$ 205,872 12,671	\$ 20,988 639 (2,389)	Testing Equipment  \$ 492,573 85,955 (99,894)	\$ 11,306 960 (3,435)	\$ 267,052 5,196 (6,545) (8,481)	Leasehold Improvements  \$ 5,623 - (2,302) - (190)	\$ 23,743 6,483 (6,530)	\$ 957,782 134,883 - 20,770	\$ 4,501,201 246,787 (132,779)
Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period Accumulated depreciation Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 2,516,262 (11,684) 20,922 2,525,500 303,556 42,078 (633) 1,057	\$ 205.872 12.671 - 3.378 - 221.921	\$ 20,988 639 (2,389) 9,418 28,656	Testing Equipment  \$ 492,573	Transportation Equipment  \$ 11,306 960 (3,435)	\$ 267,052 5,196 (6,545) (8,481) 257,222	\$ 5,623 (2,302) (190) (3,131) 3,479 (2,002) (1,076)	\$ 23,743 6,483 (6,530) 369 24,065 14,135 1,545 (6,530) 6,835	\$ 957,782 134,883 - 20,770	\$ 4,501,201 246,787 (132,779) 46,479 4,661,688
Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period Accumulated depreciation Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period	\$ 2,516,262 (11,684) 	\$ 205,872 12,671 3,378 221,921	\$ 20,988 639 (2,389) 9,418 28,656	Testing Equipment  \$ 492,573 85,955 (99,894) (90) 478,544  374,204 87,508 (94,890)	\$ 11,306 960 (3,435) 383 9,214	\$ 267,052 5,196 (6,545) (8,481) 257,222 202,317 20,653 (5,816)	\$ 5,623 (2,302) (190) 3,131	\$ 23,743 6,483 (6,530) 369 24,065	\$ 957,782 134,883 - 20,770	\$ 4,501,201 246,787 (132,779) 46,479 4,661,688 999,031 189,988 (115,621)
Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period Accumulated depreciation Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period Accumulated impairment	\$ 2,516,262 (11,684) 20,922 2,525,500 303,556 42,078 (633) 1,057	\$ 205.872 12.671 - 3.378 - 221.921	\$ 20,988 639 (2,389) 9,418 28,656	Testing Equipment  \$ 492,573	Transportation Equipment  \$ 11,306 960 (3,435)	\$ 267,052 5,196 (6,545) (8,481) 257,222	\$ 5,623 (2,302) (190) (3,131) 3,479 (2,002) (1,076)	\$ 23,743 6,483 (6,530) 369 24,065 14,135 1,545 (6,530) 6,835	\$ 957,782 134,883 - 20,770	\$ 4,501,201 246,787 (132,779) 46,479 4,661,688
Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period Accumulated depreciation Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period Accumulated impairment Balance, beginning of period Accumulated impairment Balance, beginning of period Additions	\$ 2,516,262 (11,684) 20,922 2,525,500 303,556 42,078 (633) 1,057	\$ 205.872 12.671 - 3.378 - 221.921	\$ 20,988 639 (2,389) 9,418 28.656 18,932 16,684 (2,389) (7,245) 25,982	Testing Equipment  \$ 492,573	Transportation Equipment  \$ 11,306 960 (3,435)	\$ 267,052 5,196 (6,545) (8,481) 257,222	\$ 5,623 (2,302) (190) (3,131) 3,479 (2,002) (1,076)	\$ 23,743 6,483 (6,530) 369 24,065	\$ 957,782 134,883 - 20,770 -1,113,435	\$ 4,501,201 246,787 (132,779) 46,479 4,661,688 999,031 189,988 (115,621) 3,990 1,077,388
Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period Accumulated depreciation Balance, beginning of period Additions Disposals Effect of exchange rate changes Balance, end of period Accumulated impairment Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,516,262 (11,684) 20,922 2,525,500 303,556 42,078 (633) 1,057	\$ 205.872 12.671 - 3.378 - 221.921	\$ 20,988 639 (2,389) 9,418 28,656	Testing Equipment  \$ 492,573	Transportation Equipment  \$ 11,306 960 (3,435)	\$ 267,052 5,196 (6,545) (8,481) 257,222	\$ 5,623 (2,302) (190) (3,131) 3,479 (2,002) (1,076)	\$ 23,743 6,483 (6,530) 369 24,065	\$ 957,782 134,883 - 20,770	\$ 4,501,201 246,787 (132,779) 46,479 4,661,688 999,031 189,988 (115,621) 3,990 1,077,388

The above items of property, plant and equipment were depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

	Xintec
Buildings	10-56 years
Auxiliary equipment	4-10 years
Machinery and equipment	1-10 years
Testing equipment	1-5 years
Transportation equipment	4-10 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-5 years
Leasehold improvements	2-11 years
Other equipment	3-10 years

Refer to Note 37 for the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment that had been pledged by the Group to secure borrowings granted to the Group.

#### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
<u>Cost</u>	2015	2014		
Balance at January 1 Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 458,669 7,566	\$ 456,827 340		
Balance at September 30	<u>\$ 466,235</u>	<u>\$ 457,167</u>		
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance at January 1 Depreciation expense Effect of foreign currency exchange differences Balance at September 30	\$ 176,006 15,918 3,402 <u>\$ 195,326</u>	\$ 163,758 13,665 621 \$ 178,044		
	\$ 270,909	\$ 279,123		

The investment properties held by the Group were depreciated over their useful lives of 20 years, using the straight-line method.

The fair value of the investment properties had been determined on the basis of a valuation carried out at the reporting date by the Suzhou Feng-Zheng PingGu Firm. The valuation was determined by the replacement cost method, the important assumption and valuation was as follow.

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014		
Fair value	\$ 406,078	\$ 406,078	\$ 378,894		
Discount rate	85.33%	85.33%	87.33%		

For the investment properties not valued by independent valuators but valued by the Group, the Group determined that the fair values reported as of December 31, 2014 and January 1, 2014 were still valid as of September 30, 2015 and 2014.

The rental income generated for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$113,527 thousand and \$107,985 thousand, respectively.

The rental income generated for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$38,510 thousand and \$36,651 thousand, respectively.

#### 18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014							
	Technology License Fees	Software	Software Patents		Technological Know-how	Total		
Cost								
Balance at January 1 Additions Effect of foreign currency	\$ 1,069,626 83,053	\$ 365,709 14,936	\$ 113,932 297	\$ 30,596 -	\$ 2,460	\$ 1,582,323 98,286		
exchange differences	<del>_</del>	61	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	=	61		
Balance at September 30	<u>\$ 1,152,679</u>	\$ 380,706	<u>\$ 114,229</u>	\$ 30,596	<u>\$ 2,460</u>	\$ 1,680,670 (Continued)		

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014							
	Technology License Fees	Software	Patents	Goodwill	Technological Know-how	Total		
Accumulated amortization								
Balance at January 1 Amortization expense Effect of foreign currency	\$ 878,004 81,395	\$ 307,880 32,670	\$ 58,881 5,051	\$ -	\$ 2,460	\$ 1,247,225 119,116		
exchange differences		58	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		58		
Balance at September 30	<u>\$ 959,399</u>	\$ 340,608	\$ 63,932	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,460	<u>\$ 1,366,399</u>		
Accumulated deficit								
Balance at January 1 Additions	\$ - 17,013	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 17,013		
Balance at September 30	<u>\$ 17,013</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 17,013</u>		
Net, end of period	<u>\$ 176,267</u>	\$ 40,098	\$ 50,297	\$ 30,596	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 297,258</u> (Concluded)		

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Technology Technological License Fees Software **Patents** Goodwill Know-how **Total** Cost \$ 1,194,034 Balance at January 1 700,653 346,096 114,229 30,596 2.460 97,330 123,602 26,272 Additions Decrease (66,118)(889)(67,007)Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 3 506 509 Balance at September 30 731,868 371,985 114,229 30,596 2,460 \$ 1,251,138 Accumulated amortization Balance at January 1 524,354 306,403 65,616 2,460 898,833 Amortization expense 44,238 75,369 26,076 5,055 (46,639)(46,936)Decrease (297)Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 324 325 Balance at September 30 521,954 70,671 2,460 927,591 Accumulated impairment Balance at January 1 17,013 17,013 Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 94,123 94,123 Balance at September 30 111,136 111,136 Net, beginning of period 159,286 39,693 48,613 30,596 278,188 Net, end of period 98,778 39,479 43,558 30,596 212,411

Intangible assets consisted of fees paid to Oak Technology ("Oak") for the Group to use Oak's technology on light storage solutions to develop SOC DVD/VCD (system on a chip digital compact disk/video compact disk) players and the fee paid to Royal Philips Electronics ("Philips") for the Group to use Philips's optical disc drive (ODD) semiconductor technology.

The Company recognized impairment loss on above intangible assets \$94,123 thousand.

The above items of other intangible assets were depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets, estimated as follows:

	Xintec
Technology license fees	1-10 years
Software	1-10 years
Patents	8-18 years
Technology know-how	5 years

#### 19. OTHER ASSETS

	September 30 2015	, December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
Finance lease payables Pledged time deposits (Note 37) Other financial asset Refundable deposits Prepaid long-term investments Prepaid equipment payables Other	\$ 131,818 95,750 82,816 4,864 44,928 171,759	\$ 132,032 93,116 81,472 7,148 63,300 110 153,457	\$ 125,655 92,873 78,944 9,458 60,840 1,115,399 223,697	
	<u>\$ 531,935</u>	\$ 530,635	<u>\$ 1,706,866</u>	
Current Noncurrent	\$ 373,104 158,831	\$ 224,598 306,037	\$ 291,673 	
	<u>\$ 531,935</u>	<u>\$ 530,635</u>	<u>\$ 1,706,866</u>	

The amounts of the Group's finance lease payables for land grant in China as of September 30, 2015, December 31 2014 and September 30, 2014 were \$131,818 thousand, \$132,032 thousand and \$125,655 thousand.

#### 20. LOANS

#### **Short-term borrowings**

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
<u>Unsecured borrowings</u>				
- bank loans	<u>\$ 844,475</u>	\$ 304,085	\$ 497,324	

The weighted average effective interest rate on the bank loans as of September 30, 2015, December 31 2014 and September 30, 2014 were 1.02%-2.5429%, 1.843%-2.2% and 0.80%-2.20%.

#### Long-term borrowings

The borrowings of the Group were as follows:

	Maturity Date	Significant Covenant	September 30, 2015	. ,	
Floating rate borrowings					
Unsecured bank borrowing	2018.2.10	Repayable quarterly from August 2015	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ -
Unsecured bank borrowing	2019.2.28	Repayable quarterly from February 2014	262,500	300,000	300,000
Unsecured Bank borrowing	2017.6.27	Repayable semiannually from June 2014	240,000	300,000	300,000
Secured bank borrowing	2017.3.16	Repayable semiannually from March 2012	233,332	388,888	388,888
Unsecured bank borrowing	2018.1	Repayable quarterly from July 2015	200,000	-	-
Unsecured bank borrowing	2017.1.10	Repayable on January 2017	197,557	199,410	-
Unsecured bank borrowing	2016.7.14	Repayable on July 2016	164,630	155,790	172,246
Unsecured bank borrowing	2015.12.18	Repayable on June 2015	164,630	155,790	172,246
Unsecured bank borrowing	2015.3.30	Repayable quarterly from March 2012	-	62,500	125,000
Unsecured bank borrowing	2015.1.10	Repayable on January 2015			165,355
			<u>\$ 1,962,649</u>	\$ 1,562,378	<u>\$ 1,623,735</u>
Current			\$ 899,595	\$ 905,296	\$ 715,657
Noncurrent			1,063,054	657,082	908,078
			<u>\$ 1,962,649</u>	\$ 1,562,378	<u>\$ 1,623,735</u>

Under the loan contracts, the Group provided buildings and shares of Orise Technology Co., Ltd. as collaterals for the above loans (Note 37).

The effective rate borrowings as of September 30, 2015, December 31, 2014 and September 30, 2014 were 1.865%-2.558%, 1.865%-2.752% and 1.64%-2.558%.

The loan contracts require the Group to maintain certain financial ratios, such as debt ratio and current ratio as well as a restriction on net tangible assets. However, the Group's not being able to meet would not be deemed to be a violation of the contracts.

#### 21. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014		September 30, 2014	
Notes payable						
Payable - operating	\$	-	\$	100	\$	100
Accounts payable						
Payable - operating	76	55,285		728,469		000,536
	\$ 76	55,285	\$ 7	728,569	\$ 1,0	000,636

The average credit period on purchases of certain goods was 30-60 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms.

#### 22. PROVISIONS

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2015	2014	2014	
Customer returns and rebates	<u>\$ 16,190</u>	<u>\$ 21,849</u>	<u>\$ 26,261</u>	

The provision of customer returns and rebates was based on historical experience, management's judgments and other known reasons estimated product returns and rebates may occur in the year. The provision was recognized as a reduction of operating income in the periods of the related goods sold.

#### 21. OTHER LIABILITIES

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
Other payables				
Salaries and bonus Employee bonuses and compensation payable to	\$ 263,046	\$ 424,590	\$ 352,075	
directors and supervisions	109,949	83,013	97,201	
Payable for purchase of equipment	39,857	50,231	4,913	
Unearned revenue	27,290	42,117	38,099	
Labor/health insurance	25,103	28,604	34,570	
Payable for commissions	27,802	10,384	27,900	
Payable for royalties	13,152	38,349	14,438	
Professional service fees	7,994	5,628	8,285	
Others	138,743	156,398	170,457	
	\$ 652,936	<u>\$ 839,314</u>	<u>\$ 747,938</u>	
<u>Deferred revenue</u>				
Arising from governments grants (Note 31)	\$ 79,651	\$ 79,749	\$ 77,723	
Others	3,838	4,937	5,090	
	<u>\$ 83,489</u>	<u>\$ 84,686</u>	\$ 82,813	
Current				
- Other current liability	\$ 651,027	\$ 836,995	\$ 746,639	
- Deferred revenue	2,806	3,375	3,319	
	\$ 653,833	\$ 840,370	<u>\$ 749,958</u>	
Noncurrent				
- Other liability	\$ 1,909	\$ 2,319	\$ 1,299	
- Deferred revenue	80,683	81,311	79,494	
	<u>\$ 82,592</u>	\$ 83,630	\$ 80,793	

#### 24. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

#### Defined contribution plans

Sunplus, Generalplus, Sunext, Sunplus Innovation, Sunplus mMedia, Jumplex Technology and iCatch of the Group adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, the Group makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

#### Defined benefit plans

Before the promulgation of the LPA, Sunplus, Generalplus, Sunext, Sunplus Innovation, Jumplex Technology, Sunplus mMedia and iCatch of the Group had a defined benefit pension plan under the Labor Standards Law. Under this plan, employees should receive either a series of pension payments with a defined annuity or a lump sum that is payable immediately on retirement and is equivalent to 2 base units for each of the first 15 years of service and 1 base unit for each year of service thereafter. The total retirement benefit is subject to a maximum of 45 units. The pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the six month before retirement. In addition, the Group makes monthly contributions, equal to 2% of salaries, to a pension fund, which is administered by a fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name and are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor ("the Bureau"); the Company has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

	2014
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	\$ 279,700 (176,652)
Net liability arising from defined benefit obligation	<u>\$ 103,048</u>

Amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

	Present Value of Funded Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of Plan Assets	Net Liability Arising from Defined Benefit Obligation
January 1, 2015	\$ 280,781	\$ 166,86 <u>5</u>	\$ 113,916
Service cost			
Current service cost	1,794	-	1,794
Interest cost	5,215	2,990	2,225
Recognized gain and loss	7,009	2,990	4,019
Remeasurement			
Expected return on plan assets	-	909	(909)
Experience adjustment on actuarial gain (loss)	<u>(8,090)</u>	88	<u>(8,178</u> )
Recognized in other comprehensive profit or			
loss.	(8,090)	<u>997</u>	(9,087)
Contributions from employer		5,800	(5,800)
March 1, 2015	\$ 279,700	\$ 176,652	\$ 103,048

Amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
	2	015	2	2014	2	015	2	014
Cost of revenue Marketing expenses General and administrative expenses	\$	132 99 209	\$	156 92 130	\$	378 318 618	\$	461 276 386
Research and development expenses	<u> </u>	410 850	<u> </u>	742 1,120	(	10,405) (9,091)	<u> </u>	2,247 3,370

The defined benefit obligation was calculated by eligible actuary. The important assumptions in remeasurement date were as follows:

	March 31, 2014
Discounted rate	1.90%-2.13%
Expected salary increase rate	3.50%-6.25%
Average due period of defined benefit obligation	15-22 years

The above expense recognized in profit or loss was due to the Company's sale of the STB (set-top box) product center in March 2015, resulting in the layoff of this center's employees. The Company recognized e a disposal gain of \$11,649 thousand and recognized \$1,606 thousand as defined benefit obligation remeasurement under other comprehensive income.

#### 25. EQUITY

#### Share capital

Common shares:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2015	2014	2014
Numbers of shares authorized (in thousands)	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
Amount of shares authorized	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 12,000,000

Fully paid common shares, which have a par value of NT\$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

Of the Group's authorized shares, 80,000 thousand shares were reserved for the issuance of convertible bonds and employee share options.

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	<u>591,995</u>	<u>591,995</u>	591,995
Amount of shares issued	<u>\$ 5,919,949</u>	\$ 5,919,949	<u>\$ 5,919,949</u>

#### Capital surplus

For each class of capital surplus, a reconciliation of the carrying amounts at the beginning and at the end of the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (a)			
From the issuance of common shares From treasury share transactions From the acquisition of a subsidiary	\$ 703,376 36,518 157,423	\$ 703,376 34,382 157,423	\$ 703,376 34,382 157,423
Depending on the source, may be used to offset a deficit only or may not be used for any purpose (b)			
Others	(690)	40,870	24,728
	<u>\$ 896,627</u>	<u>\$ 936,051</u>	<u>\$ 919,909</u>

- a. When the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends, or may be transferred to share capital once a year and within a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus.
- b. The capital surplus from the share of changes in equities of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, including the subsidiaries' expired share options but excluding the actual disposal or acquisition of an equity-method investment, may be used to offset a deficit; all other capital surplus from equity-method investments should not be used for any purpose.

#### Retained earnings and dividend policy

Sunplus' Articles of Incorporation provide that the following should be appropriated from annual net income less any accumulated deficit: (a) 10% as legal reserve; and (b) special reserve equivalent to the debit balance of any accounts shown in the shareholders' equity section of the balance sheet, other than deficit. The distribution of any remaining earnings will be as follows:

- a. up to 6% of paid-in capital as dividends; and
- b. 1.5% as remuneration to directors and supervisors and at least 1% as bonus to employees. The employees may include, with the approval of Sunplus' board of directors, those of Sunplus' subsidiaries.
- c. Under an approved shareholders' resolution, the current year's net income less all the foregoing appropriations and distributions plus the inappropriate prior years' earnings may be distributed as additional dividends.
- d. Sunplus' policy is that cash dividends should be at least 10% of total dividends distributed. However, cash dividends will not be distributed if these dividends are less than NT\$0.5 per share.

Under regulations promulgated by the Securities and Futures Bureau, a special reserve equivalent to the debit balance of any account shown in the shareholders' equity section of the balance sheet (for example, unrealized loss on financial assets and cumulative translation adjustment) should be allocated from in appropriate retained earnings.

In accordance with the amendments to the Company Act in May 2015, the recipients of dividends and bonuses are limited to shareholders and do not include employees. The Company expects to make consequential amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to be approved during the 2016 annual shareholders' meeting. For information about the accrual basis of the employee remuneration and remuneration to directors and supervisors for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, and the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, and the actual appropriations for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, please refer to Employee benefits expense in Note 27.

The Company appropriates or reverses a special reserve in accordance with Rule No. 1010012865 and Rule No. 1010047490 issued by the FSC and the directive entitled "Questions and Answers on Special Reserves Appropriated Following the Adoption of IFRSs". Distributions can be made out of any subsequent reversal of the debit to other equity items.

Appropriation of earnings to legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals Sunplus's paid-in capital. Legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If Sunplus has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of Sunplus's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

Except for non-ROC resident shareholders, all shareholders receiving the dividends are allowed a tax credit equal to their proportionate share of the income tax paid by Sunplus.

The appropriations from the 2015 and 2014 earnings were approved at the shareholders' meetings on June 12, 2015 and June 11, 2014, respectively. The appropriations, including dividends, were as follows:

	For Year 2014			For Year 2013				
	Appropriof Eart		Divider Share			oropriation Earnings		nds Per (NT\$)
Legal reserve	\$	_	\$	_	\$	119,147	\$	_
Unappropriated retained earnings								
(accumulated deficit)	12	,086		-		-		-
Appropriated legal Reserves	41	,058		-		-		-
Special reserve	(4	,806)		-		(8,116)		-
Cash dividend	355	,198		0.6		_		-

#### Others equity items

Foreign currency translation reserve:

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2015	2014		
Balance at January 1 Exchange differences arising on translating the foreign operations	\$ 128,258 43,241	\$ 27,108 12,173		
Balance at September 30	<u>\$ 171,499</u>	<u>\$ 39,281</u>		

Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and net assets of the Group's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the Group's presentation currency (i.e. New Taiwan dollars) were recognized directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

Unrealized gain/loss from available-for-sale financial assets:

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30	
-	2015	2014
Balance at January 1	\$ 181,674	\$ 172,562
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	(935,314)	260,638
Cumulative gain reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of		
available-for-sale financial assets	(54,090)	(248,512)
Reclassification adjustments to profit or loss on impairment of	, , ,	, ,
available-for-sale financial assets	754,346	_
The proportionate share of other comprehensive income reclassified		
to profit or loss upon partial disposal of associates	(41)	-
Share of unrealized gain on revaluation of available-for-sale	, ,	
financial assets of associates and jointly controlled entities		
accounted for using the equity method	(171)	<u>1,796</u>
Balance at September 30	<u>\$ (53,596)</u>	<u>\$ 186,484</u>

The investment revaluation reserve represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets that have been recognized in other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclassified to profit or loss when those assets have been disposed of or are determined to be impaired.

#### Noncontrolling interests

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2015	2014	
Balance at January 1	\$ 1,598,388	\$ 1,588,354	
Attributable to noncontrolling interests:			
Share of profit for the year	174,369	88,190	
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign entities	3,675	776	
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets	653	350	
Associates' distribution of dividends	(146,133)	(130,475)	
Purchase of noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries	-	(6,267)	
Noncontrolling interests - restructured shares options held by			
subsidiaries' employees	468	(10,625)	
Noncontrolling interests relating to outstanding vested shares			
options held by the employees of subsidiaries	100	-	
Others	(57)	4,042	
Balance at September 30	<u>\$ 1,631,463</u>	<u>\$ 1,534,345</u>	

#### Treasury shares

Purpose of Buyback	Shares Transferred to Employees (In Thousands of Shares)	Shares Held by Its Subsidiaries (In Thousands of Shares)	Total (In Thousands of Shares)
Number of shares at January 1, 2014 Decrease	4,915 (4,915)	3,560	8,475 (4,915)
Number of shares at September 30, 2014	<del></del>	<u>3,560</u>	3,560
Number of shares at January 1, 2015 Decrease	- 	3,560	3,560
Number of shares at January 1 and September 30, 2015	<del>-</del>	<u>3,560</u>	3,560

The Group's shares held by its subsidiaries at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

Purpose of Buyback	Shares Transferred to Employees (In Thousands of Shares)	Shares Held by Its Subsidiaries (In Thousands of Shares)	Total (In Thousands of Shares)
<u>September 30, 2015</u>			
Lin Shin Investment Co., Ltd	3,560	<u>\$ 63,401</u>	<u>\$ 46,280</u>
<u>December 31, 2014</u>			
Lin Shin Investment Co., Ltd	3,560	<u>\$ 63,401</u>	<u>\$ 45,568</u>
<u>September 30, 2014</u>			
Lin Shin Investment Co., Ltd	3,560	<u>\$ 63,401</u>	<u>\$ 45,568</u>

Under the Securities and Exchange Act, Sunplus shall neither pledge treasury shares nor exercise shareholders' rights on these shares, such as rights to dividends and to vote. Sunplus's board of directors resolves to write off all of the buyback treasury shares, 4,915 thousand shares. The subsidiaries holding treasury shares, however, retain shareholders' rights, except the rights to participate in any share issuance for cash and to vote.

#### Global depositary receipts

In March 2001, Sunplus issued 20,000 thousand units of global depositary receipts (GDRs), representing 40,000 thousand common shares that consisted of newly issued and originally outstanding shares. The GDRs are listed on the London Stock Exchange (code: SUPD) with an issuance price of US\$9.57 per unit. As of September 30, 2015, the outstanding 176 thousand units of GDRs represented 352 thousand common shares.

#### 26. REVENUE

		Months Ended nber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Revenue from IC Rental income from property Other	\$ 2,076,401 38,510 121,972	\$ 2,010,789 36,651 163,000	\$ 6,026,297 113,527 273,294	\$ 5,556,689 107,985 247,969	
	\$ 2,236,883	\$ 2,210,440	\$ 6,413,118	\$ 5,912,643	

For the Three Months Ended

September 30

For the Nine Months Ended

September 30

#### 27. NET PROFIT

Net profit (loss) had been arrived at after charging (crediting):

## Other income

	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest income				
Bank deposits	\$ 9,202	\$ 10,173	\$ 27,721	\$ 29,224
Dividend income	13,224	30,091	16,221	30,791
Others	17,264	9,706	30,530	28,545
	\$ 39,690	<u>\$ 49,970</u>	<u>\$ 74,472</u>	<u>\$ 88,560</u>
Other gains and losses				
	For the Three	Months Ended	For the Nine N	Months Ended
	Septem	iber 30	Septem	iber 30
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Gain on disposal of investment	\$ 1,334	\$ 71,687	\$ 961,211	\$ 315,858
Net foreign exchange losses	(848)	-	(791)	(142)
Net loss on financial assets	, ,		, ,	, ,
designated as at FVTPL	64,880	27,344	18,054	13,342
Gain on disposal of subsidiary	-	(17,013)	-	(17,013)
Impairment loss on financial assets				
carried at cost	(583,395)	(6,086)	(817,392)	(98,717)
Other	4,315	2,617	13,016	7,689
	\$ (513,714)	\$ 78,549	<u>\$ 174,098</u>	\$ 221,007
Finance costs				
T Mario Costs	For the Three	Months Ended	For the Nine N	Months Ended
	Septem		Septem	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Interest on bank loans	\$ 10,045	\$ 8,819	\$ 26,235	\$ 26,152
Other interest expense	14		14	
	<u>\$ 10,059</u>	<u>\$ 8,819</u>	\$ 26,249	<u>\$ 26,152</u>

Information about capitalized interest was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2015		2014		2015		2014
Capitalized interest Capitalization rate	\$	1,810 2.69%	\$	2,406 2.63%	\$	9,088 2.69%	\$	5,722 2.63%
Depreciation and amortization								
	For	the Three Septen			For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
		2015		2014		2015		2014
Property, plant and equipment Investment property Intangible assets	\$	54,090 5,316 26,453	\$	65,284 4,532 35,497	\$	189,988 15,918 75,369	\$	185,345 13,665 119,116
	<u>\$</u>	85,859	<u>\$</u>	105,313	\$	281,275	\$	318,126
An analysis of depreciation by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$	2,473 56,933	\$	2,519 67,297	\$	7,526 198,380	\$	8,467 190,543
	\$	59,406	\$	69,816	\$	205,906	\$	199,010
An analysis of amortization by function Operating costs	\$	244	\$	278	\$	783	\$	679
Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative		58		83		175		138
expenses Research and development		985		3,190		7,449		11,053
expenses		25,166		31,946		66,962		107,246
	\$	26,453	\$	35,497	\$	75,369	\$	119,116
Operating expenses directly related to	inve	stment prop	<u>erties</u>					
	For	the Three Septen			Fo	or the Nine I Septen		
		2015		2014		2015		2014
Direct operating expenses from investment property that generated rental income Direct operating expenses from investment property that did not	\$	6,006	\$	5,653	\$	17,514	\$	16,747
generate rental income		28,112		39,770		71,485		93,031
	\$	34,118	\$	45,423	\$	88,999	<u>\$</u>	109,778

#### Employee benefit expense

		Months Ended aber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Post-employment benefit (Note 24) Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans Other employee benefit	\$ 13,653 850 399,066	\$ 14,806 1,120 <u>573,581</u>	\$ 40,818 (9,091) 	\$ 44,743 3,370 		
Total employee benefit expense  An analysis of employee benefit	<u>\$ 413,569</u>	\$ 589,507	<u>\$ 1,586,531</u>	<u>\$ 1,713,540</u>		
expense by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 35,346 378,223	\$ 42,011 547,496	\$ 117,103 1,469,428	\$ 119,558 1,593,982		
	\$ 413,569	\$ 589,507	\$ 1,586,531	\$ 1,713,540		

Under the Company Act as amended in May 2015, the Company's Articles of Incorporation should stipulate a fixed amount or ratio of annual profit to be distributed as employee remuneration. However, the Company has not made consequential amendments to its policies for distribution of employee remuneration. The bonus to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors are contributed with a fixed ratio of net income (net of the bonus and remuneration), were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30			Ended	
		2015		2014	20	15	20	14
Bonus to employees Remuneration to directors and	\$	(2,312)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
supervisors		(3,468)		<u>-</u>				
	\$	(5,780)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>

In response to the articles of incorporation, the Company should appropriate 6% of net income for stock dividend in priority. So, there is no need to appropriate bonus to employees are remuneration to directors and supervisors.

Material differences between such estimated amounts and the amounts proposed by the board of directors on or before the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue are adjusted in the year the bonus and remuneration were recognized. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

The appropriations of bonuses to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors for 2014 have been approved in the shareholders' meetings on June 12, 2015 were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31 2014				
	Cash Dividends	Share Dividends			
Bonus to employees	\$ 191	\$ -			
Remuneration of directors and supervisors	287	-			

The bonus to employees and the remuneration to directors and supervisors for the years ended December 31, 2014 approved in the shareholders' meetings on June 12, 2015 and the amounts recognized in the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31,			
		2	2014	
	_	nus to ployees	of Dire	neration ctors and ervisors
Amounts [proposed by the board of directors/approved in shareholders' meetings]	\$	191	\$	287
Amounts recognized in respective financial statements		110		165

The differences were adjusted to profit and loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Information on the bonus to employees, directors and supervisors proposed by the Company's board of directors is available on the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### Gain on foreign currency exchange

	For the Three I Septem		For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$ 152,550 (87,670)	\$ 42,639 (15,295)	\$ 192,261 (174,207)	\$ 84,411 (71,069)		
	<u>\$ 64,880</u>	\$ 27,344	\$ 18,054	\$ 13,342		

#### 28. INCOME TAXES

#### a. Integrated income tax

The major components of tax expense were as follows:

		ee Months Ended tember 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Current tax					
Current period	\$ 22,513	\$ 14,103	\$ 60,091	\$ 33,152	
Prior periods	-	(55)	(480)	(5,068)	
Others	2,463	3,097	3,925	5,204	
	24,976	17,145	63,536	33,288	
Deferred tax					
Current period	(246	1,493	(4,640)	6,346	
Others	97		(1)	(97)	
	(149	1,518	(4,641)	6,249	
Income tax expense (benefit) recognized in profit or loss	\$ 24,827	\$ 18,663	<u>\$ 58,895</u>	\$ 39,537	
b.					
		September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	
Imputation credits accounts		<u>\$ 309,114</u>	<u>\$ 372,426</u>	<u>\$ 372,426</u>	

The actual creditable ratio for distribution of earnings of 2014 was 20.48%.

c. The income from the following projects is exempt from income tax. The tax-exemption periods are as follows:

Project	Tax Exemption Period	
Sunplus		
Thirteenth expansion Fourteenth expansion Fifteenth expansion	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017 January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019 January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019	
Generalplus		
Fifth expansion	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017	
Sunplus Innovation		
Second expansion	January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017	
Income tax assessments		

The income tax returns of Sunplus, Sunplus mMobile and through 2012; the income tax returns of Generaplus, Sunplus Innovation, Sunplus management Consulting, iCatch, Sunext, Wei-Yough, Lin Shih and Sunplus Venture through 2012. The income tax returns of Sunplus mMedia through 2013.

Nevertheless, for conservatism purposes, Sunplus and its subsidiaries provided for the income tax assessed by the tax authorities.

#### 29. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

**Unit: NT\$ Per Share** 

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
Basic earnings (loss) per share (E/LPS)	20	015	2	2014	2	2015	2	2014
From continuing operations From discontinued operations	\$	(0.51)	\$	0.43 (0.15)	\$	0.65 (0.05)	\$	1.04 (0.41)
Total basic EPS	\$	(0.51)	\$	0.28	<u>\$</u>	0.60	\$	0.63
Diluted E/LPS								
From continuing operations From discontinued operations	\$	(0.51)	\$	0.43 (0.15)	\$	0.65 (0.05)	\$	1.04 (0.41)
Total diluted E/LPS	\$	(0.51)	\$	0.28	\$	0.60	\$	0.63

The earnings and weighted average number of common shares outstanding that were used in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

#### Net Profit for the Period

	For the Three N		For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Profit (loss) for the period attributable to owners of the					
Group	\$ (298,415)	\$ 163,073	\$ 353,164	\$ 371,872	
Earnings (loss) used in the computation of basic EPS	(298,415)	163,073	353,164	371,872	
Less: Profit for the period from discontinued operations used in the computation of basic EPS from	(256,115)	103,073	355,101	371,072	
discontinued operation	_	(88,025)	(27,845)	(241,508)	
Earnings (loss) used in the computation of diluted earnings					
per share Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares	(298,415)	251,098	381,009	613,380	
Bonus to employee					
Earnings (loss) used in the computation of diluted EPS from					
continuing operations	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	
	<u>\$ (298,415)</u>	<u>\$ 251,098</u>	<u>\$ 381,009</u>	<u>\$ 613,380</u>	

Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (in thousand shares):

		Months Ended aber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the Group Effect of dilutive potential common shares:	\$ 588,435	\$ 588,435	\$ 588,435	\$ 588,435	
Employee share option			7		
Earnings used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 588,435</u>	<u>\$ 588,435</u>	<u>\$ 588,442</u>	<u>\$ 588,435</u>	

The Group can settle bonus or remuneration to employees in cash or shares. If the Group decides to use shares in settling the entire amount of the bonus or remuneration, the resulting potential shares will be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding to be used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, if the effect is dilutive. This dilutive effect of the potential shares will be included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is determined in the following year.

#### 30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

#### Restricted stock plan

In their meeting on June 28, 2012, the shareholders of Sunplus Innovation Techology Inc. (SITI) approved a plan on a restricted employee stock ownership plan (ESOP), through which employees would receive 2,400 thousand shares amounting to \$24,000 thousand, with no up-front cost and at a par value of \$10.00; the Financial Supervisory Commission approved this plan on June 28, 2013.

On August 7, 2013, under the board of directors' approval, SITI executed the restricted ESOP, through which employees received 1,000 thousand shares at a par value of \$10.00 with no up-front cost

On April 18, 2014, under the board of directors' approval, SITI executed the second restricted ESOP, though which employees received 1,400 thousand shares amounting to \$14,000 thousand, with no up-front cost and with a par value of NT\$10.00. On April 19, 2014, which was both the grant date and the ESOP execution date, the fair value of each share was NT\$6.0599.

Under the restricted ESOP, employees who are still employed by SITI and pass the annual performance appraisal are eligible for a certain percentage of shareholding, as stated below.

- a. 50% shareholding ratio after the second anniversary from the grant date;
- b. 50% of the shareholding ratio after the third anniversary from the grant date.

The restrictions under the ESOP are as follows:

- a. During the duration of the restricted ESOP, the employee may not vend, discount, transfer, grant, enact, or any other methods.
- b. During the duration of the restricted ESOP, employees will still receive stock and/or cash dividends, and also have rights to join the capital increase by cash plan (if any).

c. Shares must be handed over to the trustees after the publication of the ESOP, and the company may not request a return of the ESOP before the realization of the vesting condition. If employees fail to meet the vesting condition, SITI has the right to take back and cancel the limited employee stock ownership, but the Company will still grant employees stock and cash dividends generated during the vesting period.

#### iCatch Technology Inc.

iCatch Technology Inc. had authorized 5,929 thousand units employee stock options as at September, 2013, each unit could acquire 1,000 shares. Stock options were given to employees who satisfied specific conditions. The options are valid for six years and exercisable at certain percentages after the second anniversary of the grant date. Exercise price was \$10 per share. If there is any changes of common stocks after granted date, option exercise price will be adjusted.

Information about the iCatch's outstanding options for the year ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Year ended September 30, 2015			
	Number of Options (In Thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Prio (NT\$)		
Share-Based Payment				
Balance at January 1, 2015 Options exercised	7,500 (10)	\$	10 10	
Balance at September 30, 2015	<u>7,490</u>		10	
Balance at September 30, 2014	5,929	\$	10	

As of September 30, 2015, information about iCatch's outstanding and exercisable options was as follows:

#### 2013 First time executed:

		<b>Dutstanding Option</b>	Options 1	Exercisable	
Range of Exercise Price (NT\$)	Number Outstanding (Thousands)	Remaining Contractual Life (In Years)	Exercise Price (NT\$/Per Share)	Number Exercisable (Thousand)	Exercise Price (NT\$/Per Share)
\$10	5,919	3.92	\$10	<del>-</del>	\$ -

#### 2013 second time executed:

	Outstanding Options				Exercisable
Exercise Price (NT\$)	Number Outstanding (Thousands)	Remaining Contractual Life (In Years)	Exercise Price (NT\$/Per Share)	Number Exercisable (Thousands)	Exercise Price (NT\$/Per Share)
\$10	1,571	4.83	\$10		\$ -

Options granted were priced using the Black-Scholes model, and the inputs to the model were as follows:

	Fi	rst Time	Sec	ond Time
Grant-date share price (NT\$)	\$	3.25	\$	2.22
Exercise price (NT\$)	\$	10	\$	10
Expected volatility		31.89%		45.42%
Expected life (years)	4	.375 years	4	1.375 years
Expected dividend yield		-		-
Risk-free interest rate		1.67%		1.59%

#### 31. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

In August 2013, Sun Media Technology Co., Ltd. received a government grant amounting to RMB16,390 thousand (\$79,213 thousand) for the purchase of land on which to build a plant. This amount, which was recognized as deferred revenue, will be recognized in profit or loss over the useful life of the land.

The total revenue recognized as profit for the years ended September 30, 2015 was 1,370 thousand.

The Company signed the contract of [The development program of the sensor IC of Electrocardiogram with low power consumption and Noise, the SDK system of Electrocardiogram, and the project of Hardware development] with Institute for Information Industry, III for short, on June, 2014. The program started from November 7, 2013 to May 6, 2015.

The Company signed the contract of (The program of HD and 3D mobile panoramic assist system with real time correction) with H.P.B. Optoelectronics Co., Ltd., National Yunlin University Science and Technology Department of Electronic Engineering and Hsinchu Science Park Administration, MOST, on July, 2015. The program started from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016.

#### 32. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

As stated in Note 13(2), the Group lost its control over Sunplus Core Technology Co., Ltd. and disposed of another subsidiary. Related information is as follows:

		STB Product Center
a.	Consideration received from the disposal	<u>\$ 330,000</u>
b.	Analysis of assets and liabilities on the date control was lost	
	Current assets	
	Prepaid royalty	\$ 20,000
	Noncurrent assets	
	Property, plant and equipment	2,830
	Intangible asset	20,004
	Net assets disposed of	<u>\$ 42,834</u>

Gain on disposal of subsidiary \$287,166 thousand included loss on discontinuing segment (Note 13).

#### 33. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

#### The Group as lessee

Operating leases relate to leases of land with lease terms between 2 and 8 years. All operating lease contracts over 5 years contain clauses for 5-yearly market rental reviews. The Group does not have a bargain purchase option to acquire the leased land at the expiry of the lease periods.

#### Sunplus

Sunplus leases lands from Science-Based Industrial Park Administration (SBIPA) under renewable agreements expiring in July 2015, December 2020 and December 2021. The SBIPA has the right to adjust the annual lease amount of \$7,815 thousand. Sunplus had pledged \$6,100 thousand time deposits (classified as restricted assets) as collateral for the land lease agreements.

Future annual minimum rentals under the leases are as follows:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Up to 1 year	\$ 7,815	\$ 6,665	\$ 7,487
Over 1 year to 5 years	31,262	18,992	18,993
Over 5 years	47,646	<u>7,501</u>	8,688
	<u>\$ 86,723</u>	<u>\$ 33,158</u>	<u>\$ 35,168</u>

#### **Sunplus Innovation**

Sunplus Innovation leases office from Science-Based Industrial Park Administration (SBIPA) under renewable agreements expiring in December 2016 and December 2018. The SBIPA has the right to adjust the annual lease amount of \$9,961 thousand.

The future lease payables are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2015	2014	2014
Up to 1 year	\$ 5,459	\$ 9,961	\$ 9,961
Over 1 year to 5 years	12,284	20,880	<u>23,371</u>
	<u>\$ 17,743</u>	\$ 30,841	<u>\$ 33,332</u>
Refundable deposits	<u>\$ 910</u>	<u>\$ 1,660</u>	<u>\$ 1,660</u>

#### Generalplus

Generalplus leases land from Science-Based Industrial Park Administration under renewable agreements expiring in December 2020. The SBIPA has the right to adjust the annual lease amount of \$1,474 thousand. Generalplus deposited \$3,000 thousand (classified as restricted assets) as collateral for the land lease agreements.

Future annual minimum rentals under the leases are as follows:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Up to 1 year	\$ 1,474	\$ 1,474	\$ 1,474
Over 1 year to 5 years	5,896	5,896	5,896
Over 5 years	369	1,474	1,843
	<u>\$ 7,739</u>	<u>\$ 8,844</u>	<u>\$ 9,213</u>

#### i Catch Technology, Inc. ("i Catch")

i Catch leases office from Siming Inc. and Siha Inc. under renewable agreements expiring in February 2016; the lease payments were \$1,688 thousand and \$1,274, respectively.

The future lease payments are as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2015	2014	2014	
Up to 1 year	\$ 1,346	\$ 2,962	\$ 3,175	
Over 1 year to 5 years		493	1,885	
	<u>\$ 1,346</u>	\$ 3,455	<u>\$ 5,060</u>	
Refundable deposits	<u>\$ 521</u>	<u>\$ 521</u>	<u>\$ 521</u>	

#### The Group as lessor

Operating leases relate to the investment property owned by the Group with lease terms between 1to 5 years. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event that the lessee exercises its option to renew. The lessee does not have a bargain purchase option to acquire the property at the expiry of the lease period.

As of September 30, 2015, December 31, 2014, September 30, 2014 deposits received under operating leases amounted to \$30,349 thousand, \$25,981 thousand and \$24,008 thousand, respectively.

The future minimum lease payments of non-cancellable operating lease were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,		
	2015	2014	2014		
Up to 1 year	\$ 68,650	\$ 108,118	\$ 106,797		
Over 1 to 5 years	<u>38,033</u>		90,356		
	<u>\$ 106,683</u>	<u>\$ 179,348</u>	<u>\$ 197,153</u>		

#### 34. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of [net debt (borrowings offset by cash and cash equivalents) and equity of the Group (comprising issued capital, reserves, retained earnings and other equity) attributable to owners of the Group.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### a. Fair value of financial instruments

Except as detailed in the following table, the management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the condensed consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

	<b>September 30, 2015</b>					4		
Financial assets	Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Carrying Amount		Fair Value	
Financial assets carried at cost Debt investment with no active	\$	626,503	\$	-	\$	241,005	\$	-
market		15,389		-		14,903		-
		Septembe	er 30, 201	4				
	Carrying Amount		Fair Value					
Financial assets								
Financial assets carried at cost Debt investment with no active	\$	249,812	\$	-				
market		14,903		-				

#### b. Fair value measurements recognized in the condensed balance sheets

#### September 30, 2015

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets at FVTPL Securities listed in the ROC	<u>\$ 25,595</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 25,595</u>	
Available-for-sale financial assets					
Mutual funds Securities listed in the ROC	\$ 784,419 1,661,409	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 784,419 1,661,409	
	\$ 2,445,828	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,445,828	

#### December 31, 2014

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Securities listed in the ROC	<u>\$ 14,830</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 14,830</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Mutual funds Securities listed in the ROC	\$ 911,450 804,644	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 911,450 804,644
	<u>\$ 1,716,094</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,716,094
<u>September 30, 2014</u>				
<u> </u>				
<u> </u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Securities listed in the ROC	Level 1 \$ 17,853	Level 2	Level 3	<b>Total</b> \$ 17,853
Financial assets at FVTPL Securities listed in the ROC Available-for-sale financial			<b>Level 3</b> \$	
Financial assets at FVTPL Securities listed in the ROC  Available-for-sale financial assets Mutual funds	\$ 17,853 \$ 1,032,849		Level 3  \$ -	\$ 17,853 \$ 1,032,849
Financial assets at FVTPL Securities listed in the ROC  Available-for-sale financial assets	<u>\$ 17,853</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$ 17,853</u>

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current and prior periods.

#### c. Categories of financial instruments

	Septemb 201			mber 31, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2014
Financial assets						
Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Held for trading Loans and receivables (i) Available-for-sale financial assets (ii)	6,02	5,595 6,502 2,331	,	14,830 554,870 957,099	\$	17,853 5,670,698 2,058,492
Financial liabilities						
Measured at amortized cost (iii)	3,77	9,169	2,	816,779		3,334,478

- (i) The balances included loans and receivables measured at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, debt investments with no active market, trade and other receivables, and refundable deposits. Those reclassified to held-for-sale disposal groups are also included.
- (ii) The balances included available-for-sale financial assets carried at cost.
- (iii) The balances included financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, which comprise short-term and long-term loans, trade and other payables, and long-term liabilities -current portion.

#### d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments included equity and debt investments, trade receivable, trade payables, bonds payable, borrowings and convertible notes. The Group's Corporate Treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Corporate Treasury function reported quarterly to the Group's risk management committee.

#### 1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below). The Group entered into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk, including:

#### a) Foreign currency risk

A part of the Group's cash flows is in foreign currency, and the use by management of derivative financial instruments is for hedging adverse changes in exchange rates, not for profit.

For exchange risk management, each foreign-currency item of net assets and liabilities is reviewed regularly. In addition, before obtaining foreign loans, the Group considers the cost of the hedging instrument and the hedging period.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) at the end of the reporting period were as follows. (Note 38)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group was mainly exposed to the USD and RMB.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1 dollar increase and decrease in New Taiwan dollars (the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. 1 dollar is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and foreign currency forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit and other equity associated with New Taiwan dollars strengthen 1 dollar against the relevant currency.

Profit or loss

	RMB i	RMB impact For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2015	2014			
Profit or loss	\$ (43,471)	\$ (116,433)			

#### b) Interest rate risk

The Group was exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings, and using interest rate swap contracts and forward interest rate contracts. Hedging activities are evaluated regularly to align with interest rate views and defined risk appetite, ensuring the most cost-effective hedging strategies are applied.

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows.

	September 30, 2015		September 30, 2014
Fair value interest rate risk			
Financial assets	\$ 2,460,666	\$ 2,756,009	\$ 2,065,229
Financial liabilities	521,761	148,295	345,584
Cash flow interest rate risk			
Financial assets	1,589,791	899,131	1,562,782
Financial liabilities	2,285,363	1,718,168	1,775,475
	_,, ,	-,,,	-,,

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for both derivatives and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. Basis points of 0.125% increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 0.125% basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 would decrease/increase by \$869 thousand and \$266 thousand.

#### c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities. Equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Group does not actively trade these investments.

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower, post-tax profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 would have increased/decreased by \$24,458 thousand and \$18,087 thousand.

#### 2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantees provided by the Group is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the condensed balance sheets.

In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Group consider that the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivatives was limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Trade receivables consisted of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of trade receivables and, where appropriate, credit guarantee insurance cover is purchased.

The Group's concentration of credit risk of 52%, 56% and 53% in total trade receivables as of September 30, 2015, December 31, 2014 and September 30, 2014, respectively, was related to the five largest customers within the property construction business segment.

#### 3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of September 30, 2015, December 31, 2014 and September 30, 2014, the Group had available unutilized overdraft and financing facilities refer to the following b) Financing facilities.

#### a) Liquidity and interest risk rate tables

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables had been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables included both interest and principal cash flows.

#### September 30, 2015

	Weighted Average Repayment Effective On Demand Interest Rate (%) 1 Month		1-3 Months	Over 3 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 Year-5 Years	5+ Years	
Nonderivative Financial Liabilities							
Noninterest bearing Floating interest rate	-	\$ 307,140	\$ 712,720	\$ 20,717	\$ 26,370	\$ -	
liabilities	1.865-2.558	1,052	123,750	294,028	1,846,695	-	
Fixed interest rate liabilities	0.8-2.5429	215,983	200,441	83,699	119,828	152,596	
		<u>\$ 524,175</u>	\$ 1,036,911	\$ 398,444	\$ 1,992,893	\$ 152,596	

#### December 31, 2014

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate (%)	Repayment On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	Over 3 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 Year-5 Years	5+ Years
Nonderivative Financial Liabilities						
Noninterest bearing	-	\$ 171,950	\$ 657,975	\$ 48,899	\$ 36,636	\$ -
Floating interest rate liabilities	1.865-2.752	783	140,278	350,556	560,554	-
Fixed interest rate liabilities	0.8-2.2	10	265	135,341	666,780	149,588
		<u>\$ 172,743</u>	\$ 798,518	<u>\$ 534,796</u>	\$ 1,263,970	<u>\$ 149,588</u>
<u>September 30, 2014</u>						
	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate (%)	Repayment On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	Over 3 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 Year-5 Years	5+ Years
Nonderivative Financial Liabilities						
Noninterest bearing	-	\$ 364,618	\$ 790,399	\$ 46,055	\$ 38,900	\$ -
Floating interest rate liabilities	1.64-2.558	829	62,500	315,556	735,832	-
Fixed interest rate liabilities	0.08-2.54	312,431	9,375	34,020	661,587	141,614
		<u>\$ 677,878</u>	<u>\$ 862,274</u>	<u>\$ 395,631</u>	<u>\$ 1,436,319</u>	<u>\$ 141,614</u>
Financing facilities						
		Sep	tember 30, 2015	December 2014	r 31, Sep	tember 30, 2014
Unsecured bank ove Amount used	•		3,007,465	\$ 2,129,		2,471,273
Amount unused			3,857,922	3,954,	<u> </u>	<u>4,045,755</u>
		<u>\$</u>	6,865,387	\$ 6,083,	<u>623</u> <u>\$</u>	6,517,028

#### 36. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

b)

Balances and transactions between the Group and its subsidiaries, which were related parties of the Group, had been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties were disclosed below.

#### a. Operating revenue

		For the Three Months Ended September 30				For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
<b>Account Items</b>	Related Parties Types		2015	:	2014		2015		2014
Sales of goods	Joint ventures Associates	\$	116,72	\$	9,663 16,390	\$	70,451	\$	30,738 47,390
		\$	11,672	\$	26,053	\$	70,451	\$	78,128

The collection terms for products sold to related parties were similar to those for third parties.

#### b. Purchase of goods

		Months Ended aber 30		Months Ended nber 30	
Related Party	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Joint ventures	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 5,509</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,467</u>	

The support transaction prices were negotiated and thus not comparable with those in the market.

#### c. Receivables from related parties (excluding loans to related parties)

Account Item	Related Party	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Trade receivables	Joint ventures Associates	\$ 9,235 	\$ 6,142 <u>8,772</u>	\$ 6,623 
		<u>\$ 9,235</u>	<u>\$ 14,914</u>	<u>\$ 17,934</u>
Other receivable	Joint ventures Associates	\$ 4,519 	\$ 1,556 <u>35,354</u>	\$ 1,546 <u>89</u>
		<u>\$ 4,519</u>	<u>\$ 36,910</u>	<u>\$ 1,635</u>

There were no guarantees on outstanding receivables from related parties.

#### d. Payable to related parties (excluding loans from related parties)

Account Item	Related Party	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2014
Accounts payable	Joint ventures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,792
Other current liabilities	Joint ventures	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 25,330	<u>\$ -</u>

There were no guarantees on outstanding receivables from related parties.

#### e. Property, plant and equipment disposal

		he Disposal of sets	Gain on Disposal of Assets Nine Months Ended September 30				
Related Party		ths Ended aber 30					
·	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Joint ventures	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	\$ -	\$ -			

#### f. Other transactions with related parties

Account Item	Related Part	y	September 3 2015	0, December 201	,	September 30, 2014
Deferred income	Associates		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,</u>	<u>099</u>	<u>\$ 1,249</u>
			e Months Ended eptember 30	l		onths Ended ember 30
Account Item	Related Parties Types	2015	201	4	2015	2014
Operating expenses	Joint ventures	<u>\$</u>	2 \$	<u> </u>	13,931	<u>\$ 14,035</u>
Nonoperating income and expenses	Joint ventures Associates	\$ 4,3	75 \$	4,654 \$ 284	12,463	\$ 14,037 <u>807</u>
		\$ 4,3	<u>75</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>4,938</u> <u>\$</u>	12,463	<u>\$ 14,844</u>

The following transactions between the Group and the related parties were based on normal terms.

#### g. Compensation of directors, supervisors and management personnel:

		nths Ended nber 30	Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Salaries and Incentives Special compensation	\$17,288 	\$16,040 <u>827</u>	\$41,380 <u>2,756</u>	\$42,356 2,619		
	<u>\$18,388</u>	<u>\$16,867</u>	<u>\$44,136</u>	<u>\$44,975</u>		

The compensation of directors and other supervisors was determined by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of individual performance and market trends.

#### 37. PLEDGED OR MORTGAGED ASSETS

Certain assets pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for long-term bank loans, commercial paper payable, accounts payable and import duties were as follows:

	Sep	tember 30, 2015	Dec	cember 31, 2014	Sep	tember 30, 2014
Buildings, net Pledged time deposits (classified as other assets,	\$	678,192	\$	693,056	\$	698,011
current and noncurrent)		95,750		93,116		92,873
Subsidiary's holding of Sunplus' stock		43,998		43,321		43,321
Orise stock		<u> </u>		248,207		252,434
	\$	817,940	\$	1,077,700	\$	1,086,639

# 38. EXCHANGE RATE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The following information was aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the group entities and the exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were disclosed. The significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

#### September 30, 2015

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD	\$ 76,654	32.870	\$ 2,519,617
CNY	49,269	5.176	255,016
JPY	529	0.274	145
HKD	118	4.241	500
EUR	2	36.920	74
GBP	3	49.830	149
Nonmonetary items			
USD	1,629	32.870	53,545
EUR	510	36.920	18,829
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	53,948	32.870	1,773,271
CNY	5,798	5.176	30,010
JPY	209	0.274	57

December 31, 2014

	Foreign	Exchange	Carrying
	Currencies	Rate	Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items CNY USD JPY HKD GBP EUR Nonmonetary items USD EUR	\$ 91,004 62,218 750 129 31 3	5.092 31.650 0.265 4.080 49.270 38.470 31.650 38.470	\$ 463,392 1,969,200 199 526 1,527 115 51,558 19,620
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD CNY HKD  September 30, 2014	46,818	31.650	1,481,790
	70	5.092	356
	3	4.080	12
	Foreign	Exchange	Carrying
	Currencies	Rate	Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items CNY USD JPY HKD GDR EUR Nonmonetary items USD EUR	\$ 116,559	4.934	\$ 575,102
	60,651	30.420	1,845,003
	850	0.278	236
	121	3.918	474
	3	49.500	149
	2	38.590	77
	1,758	30.420	53,478
	510	38.590	19,681
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD CNY	62,927	30.420	1,914,239
	126	4.934	622

The foreign currency exchange gain (realized and unrealized) was \$64,880 thousand and \$27,344 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Due to the diversity of the functional currencies used by entities in the group, the Group was unable to disclose foreign currency with significant influence.

#### 39. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

- a. Following are the additional disclosures required for the Group and its investees by the Securities and Futures Bureau:
  - 1) Financings provided: Table 1 (attached)
  - 2) Endorsement/guarantee provided: Table 2 (attached)
  - 3) Marketable securities held: Table 3 (attached)
  - 4) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions: Table 4 (attached)
  - 5) Names, locations, and related information of investees on which the Company exercises significant influences: Table 5 (attached)

#### b. Information on investments in mainland China

- 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area. (Table 6)
- 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: (Table 7)
  - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period.
  - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period.
  - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses.
  - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes.
  - e) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds.
  - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the period or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receiving of services.

#### **40. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods provided. Since all products have similar economic characteristics and product selling is centralized, the Group reports information as referring to one segment. Thus, the information of the operating segment is the same as that presented in the accompanying financial statements. That is, the revenue by subsegment and operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are shown in the accompanying consolidated income statements, and the assets by segment as of September 30, 2015 and 2014 are shown in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

#### SUNPLUS TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## FINANCINGS PROVIDED

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

			Financial		Highest		Actual			Business	Reasons		Col	llateral	Financing	Aggregate
No	Lender	Borrower	Statement Account	Related Parties	Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Borrowing Amount	Interest Rate	Nature of Financing	Transaction Amounts	for Short-term Financing	Allowance for Bad Debt	Item	Value	Limit for Each Borrower	Financing Limit
1	VENTUREPLUS CAYMAN INC.	Sunplus Prof-tek Technology (Shenzhen)	Other receivables	Yes	\$ 45,403	\$ 45,403	\$ 45,403	2.37%	Note 1	\$ -	Note 2	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 192,478 (Note 6)	\$ 384,956 (Note 6)
1	VENTUREPLUS CAYMAN INC.	Ytrip Technology Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	20,094	20,094	15,233	2.40~2.49%	Note 1	-	Note 3	-	-	-	96,239 (Note 7)	192,478 (Note 7)
2	Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Sun Media Technology Co., Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	111,006	111,006	111,006	2.35%	Note 1	-	Note 5	-	-	-	290,883 (Note 9)	290,883 (Note 9)
2	Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	1culture Communicatio n Co,.Ltd	Receivables from related parties	Yes	738	738	738	2.05%	Note 1	-	Note 4	-	-	-	24,240 (Note 8)	193,920 (Note 8)

- Note 1: Short-term financing.
- Note 2: VENTUREPLUS CAYMAN INC. provided funds for Sunplus Prof-tek Technology (Shenzhen) to its need of operation.
- Note 3: VENTUREPLUS CAYMAN INC. provided funds for Ytrip Technology Co., Ltd. to its need of operation.
- Note 4: Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. provided funds for the operating needs of 1culture Communication Co, .Ltd.
- Note 5: Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. provided funds for the operating needs of Sun Media Technology Co., Ltd.
- Note 6: The foreign company has voting shares that are directly and indirectly wholly owned by the Group's parent company. The total amounts of all guarantees issued should not exceed 20% of VENTUREPLUS CAYMAN INC. net equity based on the latest financial statements; in addition, the guarantee period should not exceed two years.
- Note 7: The amount should not exceed 10% of VENTUREPLUS CAYMAN INC. net equity based on the latest financial statements, and the individual amounts of the guarantee should not exceed 5% of VENTUREPLUS CAYMAN INC. net equity based on the latest financial statements.
- Note 8: The aggregate amount should not exceed 10% of the net equity of Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ("Sunplus Shanghai"), and the individual amounts of the guarantee should not exceed 5% of Sunplus Shanghai's net equity, with net equity based on this lender's latest financial statements.
- Note 9: The foreign company has voting shares that are directly and indirectly wholly owned by the Group's parent company. The total amounts of all guarantees issued and the individual amounts of the guarantee should not exceed 60% of Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. net equity as of the latest financial statements; in addition, the guarantee period should not exceed two years.

## TABLE 2

## SUNPLUS TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### ENDORSEMENT/GUARANTEE PROVIDED NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Endorse		Endorsee/Guarantee							Percentage of				Guarantee
No.	Endorser/ Guarantor	Name	Nature of Relationship	Limits on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party	Maximum Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Actual Borrowing Amount	Value of Collateral Property, Plant, or Equipment		Maximum		Guarantee Provided by the Subsidiary	Provided
0	Sunplus Technology Company Limited ( "Sunplus")	Sun Media Technology Co., Ltd.	3 (Note 3)	\$ 940,634 (Note 4)	\$ 966,590	\$ 817,465	\$ 817,465	\$ -	8.99	\$ 1,818,487 (Note 5)	Yes	No	Yes
(Note1)	-	Ventureplus Cayman Inc.	3 (Note 3)	940,634 (Note 4)	156,300	156,300	78,175	-	1.72	1,818,487 (Note 5)	Yes	No	No
		Ytrip Technology Co., Ltd.	3 (Note 3)	940,634 (Note 4)	62,370	62,370	62,370	-	0.69	1,818,487 (Note 5)	Yes	No	Yes
		Sunext Technology Co., Ltd.	2 (Note 2)	940,634 (Note 4)	60,000	20,000	20,000	-	0.22	1,818,487 (Note 5)	Yes	No	No

Note 1: Issuer.

Note 2: Directly holds more than 50% of the common shares of a subsidiary.

Note 3: Common shares held by the Sunplus and its subsidiaries jointly own more than 50% of the investee company.

Note 4: For each transaction entity, the amount should not exceed 10% of the endorsement/guarantee provider's net equity as shown in the provider's latest financial statements.

Note 5: The amount should not exceed 20% of the endorsement/guarantee provider's net equity based on the latest financial statements.

## SUNPLUS TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

## MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2015** 

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Relationship with the Holding			September 30, 2015				
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Security	Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares or Units (Thousands)	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note	
Consultan Tankanalanan Canananan	C41-								
Sunplus Technology Company	Stock Tatura Commons		Available-for-sale financial assets	46,094	\$ 233,238	2	\$ 233,238	Note 2	
Limited (the "Company")	Tatung Company	-	Available-for-sale financial assets  Available-for-sale financial assets	5,000	14,549	2	14,549	Note 2 Note 2	
	RITEK Corp.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	1,968	21,250	-	21,250	Note 2	
	United Microelectronics Corp. FolcalTech Inc.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	47,290	1,090,034	11	1,090,034	Note 2	
	Folcai fecti file.		Available-101-sale Illiancial assets	47,290	1,090,034	11	1,090,034	Note 2	
	Fund								
	Mega Diamond Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	13,197	163,123	-	163,123	Note 3	
	Nomura Global High Dividend Act	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	577	9,455	-	9,455	Note 3	
	FSITC Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	290	51,028	-	51,028	Note 3	
	UPAMC James Bond Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	1,851	30,525	-	30,525	Note 3	
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	2,178	30,518	-	30,518	Note 3	
	BGF Global Allocation Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	3	5,289	-	5,289	Note 3	
	Franklin Global Fduntl Start Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	13	4,992	-	4,992	Note 3	
	KGI Economic Moat Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	500	5,655	-	5,655	Note 3	
	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	3,346	50,021	-	50,021	Note 3	
	Prudential Financial Money Market Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	1,925	30,014	-	30,014	Note 3	
	Yuanta Emerging Indonesia Opp Bd	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	500	5,055	-	5,055	Note 3	
	Availin Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	9,039	295,000	17	295,000	Note 1	
	Network Capital Global Fund	-	Financial assets carried at cost	380	3,800	7	3,800	Note 1	
	Technology Partners Venture Capital Corp.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	356	3,556	11	3,556	Note 1	
Lin Shih Investment Co., Ltd.	Ability Enterprise Co., Ltd.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	5,274	85,439	1	85,439	Note 2	
	Radiant Innovation Inc.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	3,043	62,379	7	62,379	Note 2	
	Sunplus Technology Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Available-for-sale financial assets	3,560	46,280	1	46,280	Notes 2 and 4	
	RITEK Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	833	2,425	-	2,425	Note 2	
	Aiptek International Inc.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	60	237	-	237	Note 2	
	Asolid Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	100	4,940	-	4,940	Note 2	
	China Airlines Ltd.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	1,000	11,250	-	11,250	Note 2	
	Catcher Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	50	17,525	-	17,525	Note 2	
	Ruentex Material Co., Ltd	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	20	510	-		Note 2	
	LCY Chemical Corp.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	300	6,885	-		Note 2	
	SUNREX Technology.Corp.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	400	5,280	-	1	Note 2	
	NOVATEK Microelectronics Corp.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	25	2,575	-	,	Note 2	
	Yuanta Global Equity Income Fund	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	5,000	48,650	-	,	Note 3	
	KGI Economic Moat., Ltd.	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	100	1,131	-	1,131	Note 3	
	Nomura Taiwan Money Market Fund	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	624	10,049	-		Note 3	
	Yuanta China Balance Fund	_	Available-for-sale financial assets	213	2,908	-		Note 3	

(Continued)

		Dalatianakia with the Halding			Septembe	er 30, 2015			
<b>Holding Company Name</b>	Type and Name of Marketable Security	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares or Units (Thousands)	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note	
Lin Shih Investment Co., Ltd.	Miracle Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1,036	\$ 11,152	10		Note 1	
	Genius Vision Digital Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	600	3,676	5		Note 1	
	Lingri Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	304	3,040	19	3,040	Note 1	
	Chain Sea Information Integration Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	56	1,121	1	1,121	Note 1	
	Minton Optic Industry Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	4,272	-	7	-	Note 1	
	Ortery Technologies, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	103	-	1	-	Note 1	
	Sanjet Technology Corp.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	8	-	-	-	Note 1	
	AWEA MECHANTRONIC CO., LTDCB	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	20	1,970	-	1,970	Note 2	
	Ubright Optright Corporation-CB	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	20	1,983	-	1,983	Note 2	
	Everlight Electronics Co., LtdCB	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	80	7,720	-	7,720	Note 2	
	T3EX Global Holdings CorpCB	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	30	3,260	-	3,260	Note 2	
	CHILISIN ELECTRONICS CORPCB	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	80	7,200	-	7,200	Note 2	
	RECHI PRECISION CO.,LTDCB	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	15	1,462	-	1,462	Note 2	
	Yeong Guan Energy Technology Group Co., Ltd-CB	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	20	2,000	-	2,000	Note 2	
Russell Holdings Limited	Stock								
	Innobrige Venture Fund ILP	_	Financial assets carried at cost	_	43,552	-	43,552	Notes 1 and 6	
					(US\$ 1,325)		(US\$ 1,325)	- 10100 - 1110	
	Asia Tech Taiwan Venture L.P.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	-	1,676 (US\$ 51)	5		Notes 1 and 6	
	Innobrige International Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	4,000	1,742 (US\$ 53)	15	1,742 (US\$ 53)	Notes 1 and 6	
	Ortega Info System, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	2,557	-	-	-	Note 1	
	Ether Precision Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1,250	-	1	_	Note 1	
	OZ Optics Limited.	_	Financial assets carried at cost	1,000	-	8		Note 1	
	Asia B2B on Line Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1,000	-	3		Note 1	
	Synerchip Inc.	_	Financial assets carried at cost	6,452	-	12		Note 1	
	Aruba Networks, Inc.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	10	-	-		Note 1	
Sunplus Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	<u>Stock</u>								
_	Ability Enterprise Co., Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	3,784	61,301	1	61,301	Note 2	
	King Yuan Electronics Co., Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	2,441	51,011	-	51,011	Note 2	
	Aiptek International Inc.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	351	1,397	-		Note 2	
	Aruba Networks, Inc.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	4	_	-	-	Note 1	
	FolcalTech Inc.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	865	19,943	-	19,943	Note 2	
	KING YUAN ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	1,250	26,125	-	26,125	Note 2	
	Bond	_	Non-active market bond investment	1	15,389	_	15,389	Note 5	
	Feature Integration Technology Inc.	_	Financial assets carried at cost	1,386	16,215	4		Note 1	
	Genius Vision Digital	_	Financial assets carried at cost	750	15,000	6	15,000	Note 1	
	Miracle Technology Co., Ltd.	_	Financial assets carried at cost	1,042	11,220	10	11,220	Note 1	

(Continued)

		Dalatianskin mith the Halding			Septembe	er 30, 2015		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Security	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares or Units (Thousands)	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
Sunplus Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Cyberon Corporation	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1,521	\$ 13,691	18	\$ 13,691	Note 1
	Touch Screen Glass Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	4,500	45,000	18	45,000	Note 1
	Taiwan Environmental Scientific Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	650	20,400	3	20,400	Note 1
	Dawning Leading Technology Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost	3,000	42,000	1	42,000	Note 1
	Qun-Xin Venture Capital		Financial assets carried at cost	3,000	30,000	6	30,000	Note 1
	Sanjet Technology Corp.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	49	-	-	-	Note 1
	Minton Optic Industry Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	5,000	-	8	-	Note 1
	Simple Act Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1,900	-	10	-	Note 1
	eWave System, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1,833	-	22	-	Note 1
	Ortery Technologies, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	68	-	1	-	Note 1
	Information Technology Total Services	-	Financial assets carried at cost	51	-	-	-	Note 1
	Book4u Company Limited	-	Financial assets carried at cost	9	-	-	-	Note 1
	VenGlobal International Fund	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1	-	3	-	Note 1
Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	GF Money Market Fund class B shares	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	15,230	79,012 (RMB\$ 15,265)	-	79,012 (RMB\$ 15,265)	Notes 3 and 6
	CHONGQING CHONG YOU INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	-	-	3	-	Note 1
Wei-Young Investment Inc.	Elitergroup Computer Systems	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	238	4,630	-	4,630	Note 2
Generalplus Technology Inc.	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	6,174	92,309	-	92,309	Note 3
	Franklin Templeton Sinoam Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	2,955	30,099	-	30,099	Note 3
Sunext Technology	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	2,301	34,350	-	34,350	Note 3
Sunplus Innovation Technology Inc.								
	Advanced NuMicro System, Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	2,000	4,121	9	4,121	Note 1
	Advanced Silicon SA	-	Financial assets carried at cost	1,000	15,391	10	15,391	Note 1
	Point Grab Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost	182	45,150	4	45,150	Note 1
	Fund							
	Yuanta RMB Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	5,737	64,036	-	64,036	Note 3
	Fubon China Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	2,383	26,188	-	26,188	Note 3
	Mega Diamond Money Market	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	810	10,012	-	10,012	Note 3

- Note 1: The market value was based on carrying value as of September 30, 2015.
- Note 2: The Market value was based on the closing price as of September 30, 2015.
- Note 3: The market value was based on the net asset value of fund as of September 30, 2015.
- Note 4: As of September 30, 2015, the above marketable securities, except the holdings of Lin Shih Investment Co., Ltd. of the shares of Sunplus Technology Company Limited with a market value \$43,998 thousand had not been pledged or mortgaged.
- Note 5: The market value was based on Amortised cost as of September 30, 2015.
- Note 6: The exchange rate was based on the exchange rate as of September 30, 2015.

(Concluded)

## SUNPLUS TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

# INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS NINE MONTH ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

## 1. Nine Months ended September 30, 2015

		Flow of	Inte	ercompany Transactio	ns	
Company Name	Counterparty	Transactions (Note 5)	Financial Statements Account Item	Amount	Terms	Percentage of Consolidated Total Gross Sales or Total Assets
Sunplus Technology Co., Ltd.	Generalplus Technology Corp.		Sales	\$ 4,774	Note 1	0.07%
("parent company")			Nonoperating income and gains	38	Note 2	-
			Notes and accounts receivable	1,206	Note 1	0.01%
	Sunext Technology Co., Ltd.	1	Sales	563	Note 1	0.01%
			Nonoperating income and gains	7,252	Notes 2 and 4	0.11%
			Research and development	566	Note 1	0.01%
			Notes and accounts receivable	110	Note 1	-
			Other receivables	795	Note 3	0.01%
			Other accrued expense	594	Note 3	-
	Sunplus Innovation Technology Inc.	1	Sales	346	Note 1	0.01%
			Nonoperating income and gains	3,085	Note 2	0.05%
			Notes and accounts receivable	74	Note 1	-
			Other receivables	1,169	Note 3	0.01%
	iCatch Technology, Inc.	1	Sales	8,988	Note 1	0.14%
			Nonoperating income and gains	9,853	Notes 2 and 4	0.15%
			Notes and accounts receivable	3,455	Note 1	0.02%
			Other receivables	1,101	Note 3	0.01%
	Sunplus Technology (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	1	Marketing expense	828	Note 2	0.01%
			Other accrued expense	187	Note 3	-
	Jumplux Technology Co., Ltd.	1	Other receivables	253	Note 3	-
			Non operating income and gain	2,176	Notes 2 and 4	0.03%
			Sales	1,058	Note 1	0.02%
			Notes and accounts receivable	9	Note 1	-
	Sunplus mMedia Inc.	1	Other accrued expense	328	Note 3	-
	•		Notes and accounts receivable	211	Note 1	-
			Other receivables	439	Note 3	-
			Sales	703	Note 1	0.01%
			Marketing expenses	264	Note 2	-
			Non operating income and gain	2,800	Notes 2 and 4	0.04%
Sunext Technology Co., Ltd.	Sunplus Technology (Beijing)	2	Research and development	1,245	Note 2	0.02%
Sunplus Innovation Technology Inc.	Sun Media Technology Co., Ltd.	2	Marketing expenses	1,896	Note 2	0.03%
			Accrued expense	653	Note 3	-
	Sunplus Prof-tek (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	2	Marketing expenses	20,805	Note 2	0.32%
			Accrued expense	7,526	Note 3	0.05%

(Continued)

		Flow of	Intercompany Transactions							
Company Name	Counter-Party	Transactions (Note 5)	Financial Statements Account Item	Amount	Terms	Percentage of Consolidated Total Gross Sales or Total Assets				
Generalplus Technology Corp.	Sunplus Innovation Technology Inc.	2	Marketing expenses	\$ 2,048	Note 2	0.03%				
	Generapllus Technology (H.K.) Corp.	2	Marketing expense Other accrued expense	11,792 3,143	Note 2 Note 3	0.18% 0.02%				
	Generalplus Technology (Shenzhen) corp.	2	Research and development Other accrued expense	69,864 24,152	Note 2 Note 3	1.09% 0.16%				
iCatch Technology, Inc.	Sunplus Prof-tek (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	2	Marketing expenses Accrued expenses	17,626 6,135	Note 2 Note 3	0.28% 0.04%				
	SunMedia Technology Co., Ltd.	2	Marketing expenses Accrued expenses	21,567 7,539	Note 2 Note 3	0.34% 0.05%				
	Sunplus Technology (Beijing)	2	Research and development Accrued expenses	2,274 2,274	Note 2 Note 3	0.04% 0.01%				
Sunplus Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	SunMedia Technology Co., Ltd.	2	Interest income Other receivables	648 112,837	Note 2 Note 3	0.01% 0.73%				
	1culture Communication Co,.Ltd	2	Other receivables	751	Note 3	-				
Sunplus mMedia Inc.	Sunplus Technology (Beijing)	2	Accrued expense Research and development	1,055 1,055	Note 3 Note 2	0.01% 0.02%				
VENTUREPLUS CAYMAN INC.	Sunplus Prof-tek (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	2	Other receivables	45,403	Note 3	0.30%				
	Ytrip Technology Co., Ltd.	2	Other receivables	15,223	Note 3	0.10%				

Note 1: The transactions were based on normal commercial prices and terms.

Note 2: The prices were based on negotiations and but the payment period and related terms were not comparable to market terms.

Note 3: The transaction payment terms were at normal commercial terms.

Note 4: Lease transaction terms were based on negotiations and were thus not comparable to market terms. The transactions between the Company and counter-party were at normal terms.

Note 5: 1 - From parent company to subsidiary.

2 - Between subsidiaries.

(Concluded)

### SUNPLUS TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

# NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES ON WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCES SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Investment Amount		Balance as of September 30, 2015			Net Income	Investment	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products		December 31,	Shares	Percentage of	Carrying	(Loss) of the	Gain (Loss)	Note
				2015	2014	(Thousands)	Ownership	Value	Investee	Gain (Loss)	
Sunplus Technology Company Limited	Ventureplus Group Inc.	Belize	Investment	\$ 2,638,576	\$ 2,638,576	_	100	\$ 1,811,239	\$ (141,439)	\$ (141,439)	Subsidiary
Sumplus Teenhology Company Emilieu	ventureprus Group Inc.	Bellize	investment	. , ,	(US\$ 74,305		100	Ψ 1,011,237	ψ (141,437)	ψ (141,437)	(Note 2)
					RMB\$37,900)						(1,000 2)
	FolcalTech Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	- (10 μοτ , 200)	536,298	_	_	_	_	_	Investee
	GLOBAL VIEW CO., LTD.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design and sale of ICs	315,658	315,658	8,229	13	341.997	124,076	16,208	Investee
	Lin Shih Investment Co., Ltd.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Investment	699,988	699,988	70,000	100	757,024	68,777		Subsidiary
	Generalplus Technology Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	281,001	281,001	37,324	34	702,474	311,757		Subsidiary
	Sunplus Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Investment	999,982	999,982	100,000	100	676,174	43,431	/	Subsidiary
	Sunplus Innovation Technology Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	414,663	414,663	31,450	63	516,144	(3,628)		Subsidiary
	Russell Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands, British West Indies.	Investment	485,162	485,162	14,760	100	289,725	(63,657)		Subsidiary
	and grant and gr	, and any		(US\$ 14,760)	,				(00,001)	(00,001)	(Note 2)
	iCatch Technology, Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	207,345	207,345	20,735	38	226,929	81,452	30,706	Subsidiary
	Sunext Technology Co., Ltd.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design and sale of ICs	924,730	924,730	38,836	61	107,785	(1,501)		Subsidiary
	Sunplus mMedia Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	357,565	307,565	17,441	87	60,235	(33,301)		Subsidiary
	Sunplus Management Consulting Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Management	5,000	5,000	500	100	4,071	(21)		Subsidiary
	Sunplus Technology (H.K.) Co., Ltd.	Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong	International trade	46,969	46,969	11,075	100	99	(4,174)		Subsidiary
				(HK\$ 11,075)	(HK\$ 11,075)				,		(Note 2)
	Magic Sky Limited	Samoa	Investment	215,627	209,053	-	100	1,895	(4,743)	(4,743)	Subsidiary
				(US\$ 6,560)	(US\$ 6,360)						(Notes 1,
	S2-TEK INC.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	362,285	362,285	908	2	2,596	(10,108)	(230)	Investee
	Sunplus mMobile Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	2,596,792	2,596,792	16,240	100	30,149	7,662	7,662	Subsidiary
	Wei-Young Investment Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Investment	30,157	30,157	1,400	100	14,554	1,502	1,502	Subsidiary
Lin Shih Investment Co., Ltd.	Generalplus Technology Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	86,256	86,256	14,892	14	281,879	311,757	42,666	Subsidiary
	Sunext Technology Co., Ltd.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design and sale of ICs	369,316	369,316	3,360	5	9,364	(1,501)	(79)	Subsidiary
	Sunplus Innovation Technology Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	15,701	15,701	1,075	2	15,447	(3,682)	(78)	Subsidiary
	iCatch Technology, Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	9,645	9,645	965	2	10,685	81,452	1,428	Subsidiary
	Sunplus mMedia Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	19,408	19,048	650	3	6,763	(331,301)	(1,202)	Subsidiary
	S2-TEK INC.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	132,788	132,788	9,591	24	27,511	(10,108)	(2,424)	Investee
Sunplus Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Generalplus Technology Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	56,050	56,050	4,301	4	94,452	311,757	12,322	Subsidiary
	FolcalTech Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	-	10,800	-	-	-	-	-	Investee
	Sunplus Innovation Technology Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	57,388	57,388	2,904	6	48,716	(3,628)	(209)	Subsidiary
	iCatch Technology, Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	32,319	32,319	3,232	6	35,815	81,452	4,786	Subsidiary
	Sunext Technology Co., Ltd.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design and sale of ICs	385,709	385,709	4,431	7	12,291	(1,501)	(105)	Subsidiary
	Sunplus mMedia Inc.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	44,878	44,878	1,909	10	4,610	(33,301)	(3,528)	Subsidiary
	Han Young Technology Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Design of ICs	4,200	4,200	420	70	1,780	-	-	Subsidiary
	S2-TEK INC.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs	133,846	133,846	100,001	25	28,472	(10,108)	(2,527)	Investee
Russell Holdings Limited	Sunext Technology Co., Ltd.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design and sale of ICs	69,652	69,652	442	1	1,216	(1,501)	-	Subsidiary
	<b>5.</b>			(US\$ 2,119)				(US\$ 37)	\	(US\$ -)	(Note 2)

(Continued)

				Investme	ent Amount	Balance	as of September	30, 2015	Net Income	Investment	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	Shares (Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	Gain (Loss)	Note
Wei-Young Investment Inc.	1 23	Hsinchu, Taiwan Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design of ICs Design and sale of ICs	\$ 1,800 350	\$ 1,800 350	108 18	- -	\$ 1,959 49	\$ 311,757 (1,501)		Subsidiary Subsidiary
Ventureplus Group Inc.	Ventureplus Mauritius Inc.	Mauritius	Investment	2,638,576 (US\$ 74,305 RMB\$37,900)	(US\$ 74,305	-	100	1,811,220	(141,438)	(141,438)	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Ventureplus Mauritius Inc.	Ventureplus Cayman Inc.	Cayman Islands, British West Indies	Investment	2,638,576 (US\$ 74,305 RMB\$37,900)	2,638,576 (US\$ 74,305 RMB\$37,900)	-	100	1,811,198	(141,436)	(141,436)	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Generalplus Technology Inc.	Generalplus International (Samoa) Inc.	Samoa	Investment	627,488 (US\$ 19,090)	627,488 (US\$ 19,090)	19,090	100	515,038	3,479	3,479	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Generalplus International (Samoa) Inc.	Generalplus (Mauritius) Inc.	Mauritius	Investment	627,488 (US\$ 19,090)	627,488 (US\$ 19,090)	19,090	100	515,035	3,479	3,479	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Generalplus (Mauritius) Inc.	Genralplus Technology (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales	12,819 (US\$ 390)	12,819 (US\$ 390)	390	100	6,405	(77)	(77)	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Sunplus mMobile Inc.	Sunplus mMobile SAS	France	Design of ICs	8,750 (EUR 237)	8,750 (EUR 237)	237	100	(85)	-	-	Subsidiary (Note 2)
Sunplus mMedia Inc.	Jumplux Technology Co., Ltd.	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Design and sales of IC	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,000	32,000	80	16,020	(4,148)	(3,318)	Subsidiary

Note 1: Current capital registration has not been completed.

(Concluded)

Note 2: The initial exchange rate was based on the exchange rate as of September 30, 2015.

## SUNPLUS TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITEDAND SUBSIDIARIES

## INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Accumulated	Investm	ent Flows	Accumulated					Accumulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of September 30, 2015	Indirect	Net Income (Loss) of the investee	Investment Loss (Note 2)	Carrying Value as of September 30, 2015	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of September 30, 2015
Sunplus Technology	Manufacturing and sale of consumer ICs	\$ 565,364	Note 1	\$ 580,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 580,320	100%	\$ 28,119	\$ 28,119	\$ 521,997	\$ -
(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	ividification and said of consumer res	(US\$ 17,200)	11010 1	(US\$ 17,655)	Ψ	Ψ	(US\$ 17,655)	10070	Ψ 20,117	φ 20,117	Ψ 321,337	Ψ
Sunplus Prof-tek	Development and sale of computer software and		Note 1	1,060,058	_	_	1,060,058	100%	(23,841)	(23,841)	929,861	_
(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	system integration services	(US\$ 32,250)		(US\$ 32,250)			(US\$ 32,250)		( - , - ,	( - , - ,		
Sun Media Technology Co.,	•	657,400	Note 1	657,400	-	-	657,400	100%	(52,795)	(52,795)	281,551	-
Ltd.	and system integration services	(US\$ 20,000)		(US\$ 20,000)			(US\$ 20,000)		, , ,	, , ,	,	
Sunplus App Technology	Manufacturing and sale of computer software;	77,640	Note 1	71,022	-	-	71,022	93%	(38,794)	(36,206)	31,211	-
Co., Ltd.	system integration services and information	(RMB\$ 15,000)		(US\$ 586			(US\$ 586					
	management and education			RMB\$ 10,000)			RMB\$ 10,000)					
Ytrip Technology Co., Ltd.	Computer system integration services and	168,220	Note 1	123,263	-	-	123,263	73%	(45,898)	(33,276)	(47,082)	-
	supplying general advertising and other	(RMB\$32,500)		(US\$ 3,750)			(US\$ 3,750)					
	information services.											
Sunplus Technology	Design of software	139,7521	Note 1	139,752	-	-	139,752	100%	(23,017)	(23,017)	92,892	-
(Beijing)		(RMB\$27,000)		(RMB\$27,000)			(RMB\$ 27,000)					

A	Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of September 30, 2015	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Limit on Investment
	\$ 2,631,815 (US\$ 74,241 RMB\$ 37,000 )	\$ 2,648,873 (US\$ 74,760 RMB\$ 37,000 )	\$5,455,462

(Continued)

#### Generalplus Technology (Nature of Relationship: 1)

Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type (e.g., Direct or Indirect)	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of	ent Flows Inflow	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of September 30,	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Net Loss of the investee		Carrying Value as of September 30, 2015	Remittance of
Generalplus Shenzhen	Data processing service	\$ 614,669 (US\$ 18,700)	Note 1	\$614,669 (US\$ 18,700)	\$ -	\$ 614,669 (US\$ 18,700)	100%	\$ 3,557	\$ 3,557	\$ 508,611	\$ -

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of September 30, 2015	Investment Amount Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Limit on Investment
\$ 614,669 (US\$ 18,700 )	\$ 614,669 (US\$ 18,700 )	\$1,247,597

- Note 1: Sunplus Technology Company Limited indirectly invested in a company located in Mainland China through investing in a company located in a third country.
- Note 2: The net assets were based on not reviewed financial data as of September 30, 2015.
- Note 3: Based on the investee company in the same period reviewed financial statements.
- Note 4: Sunplus Technology Company Limited indirectly invested in a company located in Mainland China through Ytrip Technology Co., Ltd.
- Note 5: The initial exchange rate was based on the exchange rate as of September 30, 2015.

(Concluded)

## SUNPLUS TECHNOLOGY COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEE COMPANIES IN MAINLAND CHINA, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH A THIRD PARTY, AND THEIR PRICES, PAYMENT TERMS, AND UNREALIZED GAINS OR LOSSES

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investos Company	Transaction Type	Research and Development Expense			Transac	Transaction Details		Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)		Note	
Investee Company	Transaction Type	Amount	%	Price	Payment Term	Comparison with Market Transactions	<b>Ending Balance</b>	%	(Gain) Loss	Note	
Generalplus Technology (Shenzhen) Corp.	Development and processing services	\$69,864	18%	Based on contract	Based on contract	Not comparable with market transactions	\$24,152	79	\$ -	NA	